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The News

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Volume 15, No. 27. RED DEER, ALBERTA JULY 30th, 1919. Subscription, $1.50 per year.

THE CITY COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the City Council was held on Monday evening last with His Worship Mayor W. E. Lord in the chair, and Ald. Stone, Broughton, Galbraith, and Simpson in attendance.

CORRESPONDENCE.

G. H. Burgess wrote re Treasury Notes.

The Secretary read a wire from the C.N.R. stating they intended building steel into Red Deer this year.

The resignation of Jesse Halstead as City Gardener was read. It had been dealt with some time ago. Mr. Halstead has joined the A.P.P. force.

The annual meeting of the Union of Canadian Municipalities Convention will be held at Kingston, August 12, 13 and 14, and the council was notified of the fact.

A letter was read from the secretary of the Industrial Congress to be held at Calgary, in August, urging the council to send representatives.

The Fire Chief was invited to attend the annual meeting of Fire Chiefs at Portland Oregon.

The secretary of the McLeod Agricultural Society asked for copy of Certificate presented to the Veterans here. A copy was furnished.

A letter was read from the Imperial Bank stating that the Bank was pleased to again renew the credit for the city to the extent of $40,000 on certain conditions.

The Western General Electric Co. drew the council's attention to the fact that lawn sprinklers were allowed to run all night in some instances.

The Agricultural Society wrote thanking the council for paying the band for services on Veterans' Day.

A letter was read from the Commissioner of the Department of Municipal Affairs, giving Red Deer an award of $109 against the municipal district of Raven for flu patients attended to at Red Deer.

J. E. Stewart asked that Second St. south west be watered, as the street was very dusty and the traffic heavy. He would be willing to pay something for the service.

Ald. Stone and Broughton moved that the Mayor and Sec.-Treas. be appointed to attend the Industrial Congress in Calgary, Aug. 14 and 15. Carried.

W. A. Moore addressed the Council re. the question of lighting contract. He understood that the Council reserved the right to terminate the new contract at the end of two years if not satisfactory. He thought that the Company should have that same privilege. He was anxious to get the contract settled.

The mayor understood Mr. Moore was going to report on certain changes.

Mr. Moore did not understand it that way. He thought the Council was going to have a meeting to discuss the contract. He felt he could not get anywhere with the Council.

The mayor suggested that if Mr. Moore would just put down in writing what he wanted as an amendment it would be considered. He would like to see a full meeting to deal with the question.

COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

The Council, City of Red Deer.

Gentlemen,—We submit our regular report as follows:

1. We have arranged with E. H. Wilson to cut the hay on the lots in Hillsboro, Englewood and College Heights, for which we have permission.

2. We have ordered five water meters to install on the garage services, so each garage will pay for the actual water used.

3. The appeal of Howlett & Cotton against business assessment as Implement dealers was heard by His Honor Judge Mahaffy on the 18th inst. Decision has not yet been given.

4. The credit asked for by the City has been granted by the Imperial Bank for the current year. Up to the present it has not been necessary to borrow money on current account and we expect to get into August without doing so.

5. We had the following work done at the Exhibition grounds before the Exhibition: All the fences, including the fences around the race track repaired, the trenches left from last year filled in, the lavatories cleaned out, enlarged and partitions built in them, and the building next to the old grandstand fitted up for the fire hose reel and for quarters for the men on duty there as firemen. The roads leading to the Exhibition grounds were drenched with the fire hose several days previous to the Exhibition and kept well watered until after the close. Foreman Jones Fire Chief Taylor and Driver Harvey and the special firemen on duty all gave good service in this work. Chief Anderson Night Constable Asquetil and the extra police and the staff of Provincial Police under inspector Risk all handled their work efficiently and we are pleased to report that, in spite of the large crowds of people and the large number of automobiles in the City during the fair, no serious fires, crimes or accidents were reported.

At the close of the Exhibition a section of the fence near the stables was removed and a great deal of the fence on the western side torn down and left down, windows in the buildings left open, a number of windows smashed, and some sash torn out entirely, and a great deal of rubbish left in the buildings and on the grounds. It will cost considerable money to put the grounds and buildings in the condition they were previous to the exhibition, and we would ask your instructions in the matter.

6. We ordered three "Keep to the right" signs from Winnipeg in time to be here and placed at the main street intersections before the Exhibition, and we have just received shipping bill that they were shipped by freight from Guelph, Ontario, on 15th inst.

7. We have inspected Waskasoo Park and recommend that we be authorized to have the following work done there: Cut a road through the hog's back on the road allowance south of the park to give entrance to the park from the A.C.R. road and another outlet from the present entrances, widen a few pathways and walks through the park and along the ridge leading up to the butte, trim out dead trees and a space at the top of the butte and put a few seats at this place and build a fence to protect the cut bank at the west side of the butte. $100.00 should cover the cost of this work and it is provided in the estimates. These few improvements will materially improve this park.

8. We recommend that the arrears of taxes placed in the hands of the City solicitors last year for collection be withdrawn for the present, and new arrangements made later on when a policy is decided on.

9. As daylight saving was not enforced this year the time for children to be off the streets should be altered and we recommend that you consider amending the by-law.

10. We submit statement of receipts and disbursements for six months.

11. We submit departmental reports for June.

12. We submit accounts for your consideration the following by-laws:

To authorize the borrowing of money for current expenditures.

To authorize the signing of agreements extending time for payment of arrears of taxes.

To authorize the signing of transfer of land sold to B. P. Alford.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. E. LORD,
A. T. STEPHENSON,
Commissioners.

The report was adopted.

The departmental reports for June were read and filed.

Ald. Galbraith and Stone moved that commissioners ask for suggestions from citizens for a new name for Waskasoo Park, in order to avoid confusion with a similar name which was popularly applied to the suburb of that name before the park was purchased or named. Carried.

Ald. Galbraith was on motion appointed deputy mayor for the next three months.

ACCOUNTS

The following accounts were passed:

Monetary Times	$ 8.75
Royal Bank	240.73
Dept. of Interior	314.06
James Duncan	5.00
Aquaphone Co.	2.53
James Duncan	6.00
Imperial Bank	19,172.99
Can. Pacific Railway	200.60
W. E. Lord Co.	24.20
Merchants Bank	145.30
McLean Pub. Co.	22.50
Royal Bank	80.24
Royal Bank	142.46
Red Deer Advocate	128.00
Payne & Graham	100.70
Sec. Agric. Society	109.60
Royal Bank	650.50
R. Jones	110.00
C. Anderson	15.00

SPECIAL REPORT.

The commissioners brought in the following special report on an addition for nurses at the hospital.

The Council, City of Red Deer:

Gentlemen:

We have considered the question of Nurses' accommodation at the hospital and suggest herewith a plan for furnishing this at a reasonable cost.

We have to the credit of the hospital of the City books $1,695.95, which amount will be available for hospital purposes when the Treasury Bills now on hand are sold.

The plan is to build an addition on the N.E. corner of the present building which will furnish a hall 6 feet by 9 feet and a large living room 16 feet by 22 feet, with a fireplace on the east end. The top would be fitted up for a sleeping porch and would be accessible from the present building both downstairs and upstairs, and we believe this addition could be erected for less than $2,000.

If the plan meets with your approval, and the approval of the hospital commissioners, plans and specifications should be prepared and tenders called for later on if it is found that the money will be available.

Respectfully submitted,
W. E. LORD
A. T. STEPHENSON
Commissioners.

The report was adopted.

By-laws authorizing the borrowing of money for current expenditure, to authorize the signing of agreements extending time for payment of arrears of taxes; and authorizing the signing of transfer of land sold to B. P. Alford were passed.

Ald. Galbraith and Broughton moved that Ald. Colison and Simpson be a committee to consider Commissioner Stephenson's report on official salaries.

Council adjourned at 11.30.

CONDOR U.F.A.

The 8th meeting of the Condor Local, No. 329, of the U.F.A., was held on July 25th.

The minutes of the last meeting were adopted as read.

Correspondence was read from the following: U.G.G., re twine; U.G.G. re grain shippers; U.G.G., re drought and field conditions; N. White re sale of a piano, also an agreement of sale of piano, attested by Mrs. W. W. Blair, showing that Mr. White agreed to sell piano to Condor U.F.A. local for $150.00 and balance of $50.00 to be arranged, the above being accepted by the local and a hearty vote of appreciation was tendered to Mrs. Blair.

On the motion of A. Blair and H. N. Rasmussen, the secretary was instructed to accept orders from all those present who wanted twine, and send order accordingly, having regard only to those who deposited pay for same. The following members ordered and paid for the amount set opposite their names: E. N. French, 150 lb.; R. Patterson, 50lb; L. Patterson, 50lb; N. Eastman, 100lb; H. N. Rasmussen, 150lb; J. W. Foster, Stauffer, 125lb; J. O. Shaw, 20lb; R. H. Blair, 50lb; F. W. Barton, 200lb; S. S. Barton, 150lb; E. Albert, 75lb; John Salbert, 130lb; W. J. Stockwell, 50lb; C. A. Wells, 100lb; price on 550 ft. twine, $24.87 per 100lb, F.O.B. Condor.

The first picnic of the above Local is to be held Friday, August 1st, the date having been set at the Peace concert on July 19th. Picnic to start at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and to be composed of baseball, horse racing, children's races and sports. Speeches, to be followed by supper on the grounds, provided by the ladies, then followed by a programme dance and supper at midnight in the hall. The following committee were appointed: Sports committee, W. W. Blair, F. W. Barton, A. Handebaugh, and A. Blair, the local entertainment committee to have charge of the programme dance and music.

Refreshment committee to look after all refreshments to be divided into two parts, the following four to have charge of providing a refreshment booth on the grounds, with the secretary and Mr. C. A. Wells as convener: John Albert, Mrs. French, Miss Hazel French, Mr. Wells to appoint other help if necessary, with the remainder of the committee to have charge of the supper booth on the grounds and in the hall at midnight, H. N. Rasmussen, S. S. Barton, Mrs. S. S. Barton, Mrs. F. W. Barton, Mrs. R. Hewitt, Mr. H. K. Stockwell.

Moved by Mr Rasmussen, seconded by Mr. Albert that the next meeting be two weeks from tonight, on Aug. 8th.

The secretary was instructed to write to Mr. Stauffer, the U.F.A. organizer, and try to procure a speaker for the picnic.

The meeting adjourned at 12.30 o'clock.

C. A. WELLS,
Sec.-Treas.

THROWN UNDER A MOWER AND DRAGGED TO HIS DEATH.

Thrown under a mower, and there dragged by his bolting team, was the cause of the death of John Armour, of Morrin.

On the morning of Tuesday, July 15th, John Armour was driving a team on a mower. Suddenly the horses took fright and bolted, throwing him forward in front of the mower, where he was caught and dragged. The injuries resulting from this terrible accident were frightful, and he was practically cut to pieces.

Aid soon arrived on the spot, and he was immediately placed in an auto and rushed to Drumheller, where he was attended to by Drs. Gibson, Davies and Campbell. Their efforts, however, were fruitless for the lacerations were so terrible that he died shortly afterwards from sheer loss of blood.

Dr. Davies stated that he recovered consciousness long enough to say, "The horses dragged me off the mower."

CONTROL OF WHEAT CROP IS PROBABLE.

Ottawa, July 27.—It is thought likely that after the conference between Sir George Foster and other members of the government with representatives of the grain trade tomorrow definite action will be taken to fix the governmental policy relating to the marketing of this year's wheat crop. It was semi-officially intimated some time ago that, in order to assist with the financing and marketing of this season's crop, a minimum price for wheat will be established. It is now thought probable that in addition some measure of governmental control will have to be provided in order to insure for Dominion wheat growers their proper share of the European trade.

The number of prescription blanks now issued in Alberta at the request of the Medical Council is reduced from 100 per week to 150 per month.

OUR RETURNING VETERANS

Sergt. J. Stringer returned from overseas last week.

Pte. Adair was in the city last week. He was formerly of the firm of Michell & Adair, Sylvan Lake. He was with the Imperial forces in South Africa and saw a lot of hard rough work.

Pt. Fred Lawson, of Pine Lake, came in on Tuesday. He went over with the 89th, served in the 10th, and has been nearly a year on the Archangel, Russia, front. He was wounded.

Pt. Bert Huffman, formerly of the Advocate staff, who enlisted with the Canadian Siberian Expeditionary force, was in Red Deer this week. Pt. Huffman did not see a great deal of fighting, as they only went some twenty miles from Vladivostock, but he enjoyed the experience of that cosmopolitan city.

BIG FIVE FIX PRICES OF ALL LIVESTOCK

Washington, July 28.—Ability of the "big five" packers—Swift, Armour, Norris, Cudahy, and Wilson—to determine from day to day the general level of livestock prices, was declared incontrovertible today in the third section of the federal trade commission's report on the industry, made public tonight.

Information obtained in the commission's investigation was cited to show that the "big five" have an interest in 28 of the 50 principal market yards of the country, and a majority of voting stock in 22 others. It was said they buy most of the livestock sold at these markets.

"They discriminate against and put at great disadvantage independent buyers who are their competitors," the report says.

"They manipulate on occasions, the livestock market in such a way to cause extreme and unwarranted fluctuations in the daily prices paid for livestock. They have eliminated many competitors and prevented new ones from coming in. They have restricted the meat supply of the nation by manipulating the daily livestock prices, and thus discouraged the producers of livestock.

"Of the meat trade in the hands of interstate slaughterers in the United States, the five big packing companies have more than 73 per cent of the total. They have the prices of dressed meat and packing house products so well in hand that, within certain limitations, meat prices are made to respond to their wishes.

TREACHERY CHARGED TO CHANCELLOR

PAN-GERMAN PRESS WORKED UP OVER EXPOSURES BEFORE REVOLUTION.

Berlin, July 28.—This morning's pan-German newspapers of Berlin make a feature of a five-column expose of occurrences in connection with the outbreak of the German revolution last November, including a struggle taking place at German great headquarters, at Spa on November 9, lasting nearly 24 hours, to induce former emperor William to abdicate.

Material is adduced to show that Prince Maximilian of Baden, the then Imperial chancellor, finally took the initiative and gave out to the Wolff Bureau an official statement that the emperor had abdicated as emperor and King of Prussia although it is averred that he had not done either, and has never renounced the throne of Prussia.

Prince Maximilian, it is declared took this step out of misguided patriotism in an attempt to subdue the revolutionary movement, which was rapidly getting out of hand, and by it forced the emperor's advisers to hurry him away to Holland. The pan-Germans now charge the former chancellor with treachery.

All doubts as to William Hohenzollern's abdication as German emperor and King of Prussia were considered to have been settled when Berlin advices on November 30 last told of the issuance by the new German government of the former emperor's act of renunciation, described as having been executed and signed by William Hohenzollern at Amerongen, Holland, on November 28. The text of the abdication, as given in a Berlin dispatch, began: "By the present document I renounce for ever my rights to the crown of Prussia and the rights to the German imperial crown."

In the violin examinations in Red Deer by the Canadian Academy and Toronto College of Music on June 25, the following results were obtained: Pass with honours, Verna Pendergast, Innisfail; Gipsy Mahaffy, Wilfred Gaetz, Lola Havens, Agnes Wiltshire, George Balle. Pass, Andrew Lund.

TROOPS ARE CALLED TO CHICAGO

TWENTY-TWO MEN HAVE BEEN KILLED.

Chicago, July 29.—Four thousand soldiers, with full war equipment, stood ready today to quell the race rioting between negroes and whites that during two nights and a day of terror in the South Side black belt cost the lives of at least 22 men, including one negro policeman, and the injury of several hundreds of others, many seriously and probably a dozen fatally. Four of the injured are soldiers.

The police and the coroner have been unable to make a complete check of the casualties, but reports showed nineteen killed last night. Of this number 12 are white and 7 are negroes. A hundred thousand negroes and an equal number of whites fought in the streets and alleys or cowered in their homes while shots were fired. Mounted policemen galloped along the boulevards, patrol wagons dashed through the streets with prisoners and wounded, women and children screamed as men fought with cudgels, knives and fists.

When the rioting, which started on Sunday night with the stoning and drowning of a negro who had drifted on a raft into the water of a beach used by whites, broke out afresh last night, Mayor Thompson asked Governor Lowden for troops. The governor, who was on his way to Lincoln, Neb., turned back at Burlington, Iowa, and Acting Governor Ogle sby gave Adjutant-General Dickson orders to mobilize the necessary soldiers. By midnight four regiments were in armouries on the South Side, but by that time the police had cleared the streets for the night and began collecting the dead and injured and rounding up the looters

Chicago, July 29.—One identified negro was killed and two negroes were wounded at Wabash and Adams streets, the heart of the down town district, in rioting which was renewed this morning.

Joseph Powers, white, a street car conductor, was shot and killed soon after daylight in the stock yards section. William Henderson, a negro, was arrested on suspicion in connection with the killing.

Racial disorders spread to the north side of the city today, where a number of negroes were chased and threatened. Very few negroes live in that section of the city.

CHURCH NOTICES

St. Luke's Red Deer, Sunday, Aug. 3rd. Morning prayer at 11.00 a.m., evensong at 7.30. Rev. A. D. Currie will officiate.

Knox Church, August 3rd. The boards and ministers in Innisfail and Red Deer have agreed to the following arrangement for the next four Sundays. The minister in charge will preach in Red Deer in the morning, and Innisfail in the evening. This will give both ministers two weeks' holiday. There will be no evening meeting in Red Deer. Sabbath school will be held at the close of the morning worship. Mr. Brown will be in charge next Sunday.

CHAUTAUQUA CRITICIZED.

To the Editor of The News.

Dear Sir.—To the Business men and Taxpayers of Red Deer.—I think it my duty to say a few words in regard to the Chautauqua now playing under canvas for six days.

I am amazed to think that the supporters have spent a lot of time boosting and selling tickets, putting up a fifteen hundred dollar guarantee to an organization which plays what may be called a lead-pipe clinch. In the first place, why can they get a rebate from twenty dollars per day to two and a half dollars per day. Last fall, when I was closed for several weeks, I asked for a small rebate but no rebate was granted me.

This travelling company comes here with nothing to lose and gets a big rebate.

While in your city I have played through the four years of the war, the "flu" epidemic, and the C.P.R. strike, and not a paying proposition each year, always putting on better and higher class shows from year to year.

How many of those men who are boosting and helping the Chautauqua make a fat living would stand back if a big firm was allowed to pitch their tent full of goods at their front door with cheap licenses to sell goods, when they pay rent, taxes and support their families here for 365 days in the year. They cannot but know that the present arrangement with the Chautauqua people is unfair to me. Why not let the Chautauqua Company come in like any other company, on their own merit, without a guarantee and at the usual city licence fee, and then they will be playing fair to those local men who pay rent, heavy licences, and help to support the City of Red Deer without a guarantee.

Thanking you in advance,
Yours truly,
E. A TOWE,
Manager, Lyric Theatre.

Red Deer Chautauqua

The annual Chautauqua entertainers conclude their Red Deer programme this, Wednesday evening.

From the first note on Thursday afternoon last to the present time there has been something to interest and entertain the large crowds both in music and oratory.

The music has been interspersed with numerous sweet old songs, and the speakers have been brilliant and modern in thought and word, and they have carried their audiences with them.

Chautauqua was opened on Thursday by the Merrilees Entertainers, four charming young ladies, with a very fine entertainment. In the evening Dr. William Rader gave his lecture on "The making of a man."

A strong plea was made for individual salvation, "You may improve society by law, but not the individual."

Strong warning was given against the dangers of yielding in middle life to temptation, and the speaker made a plea for the second chance. Many illustrations were given of men and women who had achieved greatness when given the second chance.

The whole address was brightened by a wealth of historical and literary quotations and inspired those who heard it to make the most out of their lives. Dr. Rader stated that cottages produced just as great men as palaces, also that education was not what we need, as 25 per cent of the present population are illiterate, and war has disclosed the fact that we are not educated.

Dr. Rader advocates national compulsory training where the English language should be taught.

On Friday the Guarino-McKinnon Company were the musical feature, with E. J. Klemme as the lecturer in the afternoon, and Mrs. A. C. Zehner in the evening.

The Guarino-McKinnon Company carried the audience with them in a number of selections beautifully rendered.

Miss McKinnon at the piano gave a rendering of the "Marche Grotesque" and other numbers, exhibiting great skill and technique. The two went through an exhaustive programme tirelessly and were ready for encores at the plaudits of the audience.

E. J. Klemme, who is one of the foremost educators of the United States and principal of the State Normal School, Washington, had a most enthusiastic ovation for his discourse on "The Challenge of the Country." There was never a dull moment through his speech, and passing from the most touching subject to a pertinent joke he kept his audience thrilled the whole time.

Antonio Minerva, with his giant piano-accordian, was the Saturday musical feature, and he is certainly an accomplished master of his instrument. In his varied selections he jumped from opera to ragtime, from classic to sentimental, from sad to gay, never stopping to rest, he seemed tireless. His imitation of an organ, and the waltz of his own composition were worthy of mention, while there were many old familiar airs that were loudly applauded.

TOM CORWIN

In the afternoon Tom Corwin, the Polyphonic entertainer, kept the large audience in mirthful mood, especially the young people. He gave a perfect imitation of a saw in a saw mill, and reproduced the sound of a turning lathe when turning out a table leg, convulsing the audience by stating that refined people would say table limb. His imitation of a Mississippi steam-boat landing with the consequent shipping of cattle and hogs, and a mix-up with a calf was extremely realistic.

MAJOR THORNTON A. MILLS.

In the evening the speaker was Major Thornton A. Mills, who appeared in the uniform of the United States army. The major was, during the war, the director of the Loyal Legion of Loggers and Lumbermen who did such splendid work in supplying the Allies with spruce for aeroplane manufacture. The subject of his discourse was "Fiddles and Fortunes," and taking the life of Antonin Stradivari as his keynote, he urged the acceptance of a philosophy as the guide of life, to work for work's sake, to have ever an aim in accomplishment.

The major paid a great tribute to the Chautauqua movement. It was, he said, the great get-together movement of the continent, and that the main thing in life was the getting together, man to man, class to class, and nation to nation.

Getting into his subject, he briefly outlined the life of Stradivari, his unassuming modesty, his struggles, and the success of his work after his death. He touchingly recited George Elliott's poem on Stradivari, and skilfully extracted the lesson from it, the necessity of having a life work, to make not a living, but a life, a life's purpose being the only satisfying thing in existence.

Let us learn the lessons of adaptation of really living, to make a world not for ourselves only, but for others. This is a world that, tackled alone, is not prone to make people happy or successful. There must always be some sort of antagonism. When you get what you have driven after you don't want it any more.

"There is not enough happiness in the whole universe to satisfy one bootblack."

"It is a perfect world only for physical and mental development, the finding of a spirit or a soul in man. We should not live for what we can get out of life, but for what we can put into it. It is only possible to live when one commits himself to an ideal and follows it unfalteringly. Climbing is a spirit of necessity. The falling does not matter as long as we rise again after each fall."

THE WHITE HUSSARS.

The White Hussars was the great attraction on Monday afternoon and evening. In the Evening the grand concert was full of thrills. Every minute of the time was taken up with songs and music. The big tent was packed with an enthusiastic audience, and everybody went away pleased.

Dr. G. Whitfield Ray delivered an excellent address in the afternoon on "Through Five Republics on Horseback."

Yesterday's performances were well attended. The Metropolitan Artists were listened to with rapt attention, and were greeted with bursts of applause. The performance was the best to date. Miss Edna Eugenie Lowe gave a splendid address on "Danger signals on the road to health."

The great event of the course, however, was the lecture last night by Glen Frank on "The New Order versus the New Disorder," which probably brought together one of the biggest crowd of the week. The lecture bristled with eloquent phrases, and the audience listened with the greatest attention to the remarks of the noted speaker.

We went to press before the address was concluded and will finish our remarks next issue.

TONIGHT.

The last performance of the course takes place when the Royal Hawaiian Quintette will give their noted concert and illustrated lecture "Rambling through Paradise," by Mildred Leo Clemens, showing motion pictures of Hawaii's active volcano, Mount Kilauea.

TERRIFIC STORM CAUSED DAMAGE AT FLYING FIELD.

Mineola, N.Y., July 29.—Three bombing planes including the Martin machine in which Captain Roy W. Francis planned to leave next Friday on a trans-continental flight, were wrecked by a terrific electrical storm which, sweeping over Long Island yesterday afternoon, struck a steel hangar at Hazelhurst field and hurled fragments of steel for a distance of half a mile.

Sweeping along from the northwest and passing over the spot where the British dirigible R-34 was moored while in this country, the storm, which broke out of a clear sky with less than five minutes warning, wrecked virtually everything in its path.

Forty temporoary wooden buildings and 30 tents at Mitchell aviation field were blown flat, the stable at the Meadowbrook Hunt Club and two semi-permanent officers' barracks near there were levelled and general havoc was raised not only at the flying fields, near here, but in Garden City and Jamaica.

STORM WAS INTENSE

The storm, which developed into almost a tornado, as intense as it was brief, struck a seven-ton Handley-Page bombing plane, one of the machines which was wrecked, while twenty men were trying to hold it down. It was blown half a mile across Hazelhurst field and wrecked. At Mitchell field, a 10,000 gallon gasoline drum was rolled for a distance of a mile.

At Roosevelt field, the roofs were blown off the frame hangars. The northern edge of Camp Mills was struck by lightning.

Two men who were in the hangar at Hazlehurst field when it was struck by a bolt of lightning, escaped injury. In this hangar was the Martin bomber, commanded by Capt. Francis, a Carponi plane and two De Havilands. The Martin and Caproni were virtually demolished, but the smaller planes, stored in the other end of the building, escaped with slight injury.

MONTANA TOWNS IN DANGER OF FIRES.

Missoula, Mont., July 28.—The town of St. Regis, twice in imminent danger from forest fires of western Montana, again is in a critical position, according to word to the forest headquarters here today. Fanned by a wind, the Cold Creek blaze near the town broke its bounds this afternoon and now is a quarter of a mile from the place, the report said.

The fire fighting camp on Dry Creek, near the town, was destroyed, but the men all escaped.

In other sections of the Lolo forest, conditions are exceedingly bad.

WILLOWDALE NOTES

Hillsdown baseball boys visited Willowdale on Monday, July 28th, and in a six innings game were defeated by Willowdale nine by a score of eight to one.

LIQUOR CAUSED DOUBLE DROWNING

An open verdict was returned by the jury empanelled to investigate the cause of the death of Jacob Czarowatuik, an Austrian, and Sam Shtyka, a Russian, whose bodies were discovered more than a week ago in Lily Lake, near Fedorah, north of Edmonton.

Coroner Forin, who conducted the inquest declares that no marks of violence were to be found on either of the deceased, and it is presumed that both had been drinking prior to leaving on a trip across the lake. While in a state of intoxication either one or both fell into the water and were unable to save themselves.

It is said the men were on friendly terms prior to the fatality and that there was little cause for violence. The Austrian had previously been convicted by the provincial police on a charge of running an illicit still.

PROFESSIONAL

Dr. John Collison
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 10 a.m., 11 a.m. to 1 p.m 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and by appointment.

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Physicians and Surgeons.
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E. W. DeLong, M.D.C.M
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Dr. J. R. MacCrostie
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DENTAL SURGEONS
Graduates Chicago College of Dental Surgery. Licentiates in U.S. and Alberta.
Office over Northern Crown Bank. Phone 148

LEGAL.

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Office: Judge Greene Block.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
Office—Northern Crown Bank Block
A. H. Russell J. R. McClure

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. H. Humber,
Red Deer, Alberta
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JUST A PEEK

Over the broad and inviting entrance was an attractive sign reading. "The Batdorf Galleries, Twenty-Fifth Exhibition." and within Della Celland could see cool aisles, lined with pictures. Undecided, she swayed a moment, then feeling again the terrifying rush of faintness that had come over her increasingly during the past week she went unsteadily to the entrance.

The doorman looked at her kindly, his grave eyes noting the darkness under the long lashes, the droop of the oval cheeks, and in reply to her question, told her there was no fee charged for viewing the pictures.

The cool aisles opened for her, and she sat down with a long sigh of relief. Here and there students and lovers of art were moving about or seated, studying the pictures. Her own thoughts were with herself—the illness that had compelled her to give up a fine position and that had sapped her savings until she was about penniless.

Her eyes wandered unseeing to the picture opposite, and then remained fixed. Her breath caught in her throat, and she leaned forward, unbelieving, yet forced to believe. Before her was a picture of a farmhouse, lying snugly beneath great elms, painted with a sympathetic touch that put into the picture more than skill.

"It is! It surely is—home!" she whispered.

The thought brought, keen and rushing, the memory of the quiet young artist who had spent that week at her father's house—the week in which he had learned to love her and she—almost to love him. She recalled the hurt in his eyes when she told him that he was not the kind of man she could really love—a dabster with paints in a world where men of action were needed. He had gone as quietly as he came. She had taken the position offered by a friend in the world of action she admired; her father had died, and the farm had gone into the hands of the bank who held the mortgage; and she—she had learned that the worker with the stuff of dreams and beauty is as much needed as the man of action. She wondered where he was; his name was on the card—"Wolcott Sundley." She could not find out from—no she knew she could not—after what was between them.

Two men stopped near the picture, and she heard them discuss the picture and refer to Sundley's success.

She leaned back, a rush of emotion overwhelming her. The old home, where she had spent her girlhood, where her mother had died, and her patient, hardworking father had lived his life! Suddenly a dim wish took form in her mind, to grow into an overpowering desire to see the old place once more.

"Somebody has it, but I can see it, just take a peek at it anyway," she thought to herself wistfully. "I don't care what happens after that. I must see it—I must."

She counted the cash in her pocketbook; there was enough to get her there and no more. She could stay with some girlhood friend, was her first thought; then bitterly came the memory of her proud departure. No—she could not let them know of her circumstances; her pride could not bend to that.

The doorman saw a slight, graceful girl leave the galleries, her cheeks flushed with an unnatural rose, her dark, tired eyes alight with some inner emotion; but he little guessed she was hurrying out into the noisy, restless street in search of an old memory.

It was the work of a few hours to reach her boarding house, pack her few belongings, and leave for the great city station. Her kind landlady urged her not to go until she was better; but Della simply smiled in answer; she would not turn back from her adventure in search of that memory that the picture had awakened.

Only when she reached the great station, and found herself a lonely little figure in the hurrying crowds, did she hesitate. Her sense of constant weakness and loneliness depressed her and lowered her courage; for a moment she was tempted to go to Wolcott—to see again the kind, grave eyes, with their faraway, whimsical twinkle; but again she remembered with hot cheeks her cool, cutting rejection of him.

When the northern express drew smoothly from the station, it carried her, a drooping, pathetic form with vacant eyes, a small mouth curving wistfully, often glanced at by passengers through the car but never glancing back in return.

The morning drew on to noon, and the sun passed its old-time milestones in the sky; the car wheels hummed the song they have sung through the years to those who go to joy and to those who go to regret.

Late in the afternoon the familiar and friendly hills came into view and Della stirred from her quiet. She looked out with eager eyes, and the scenes refreshed her weary spirit; but with the new pleasantness came the sudden question—what should she do now that the time was at hand?

The whistle sounded far away. They were nearing the little station. The farmhouse was miles from the station—how could she ever get there?

The questions aroused her to anxious thought; then she sank back—she didn't care. She would walk to the old home, and after that it didn't matter!

When she stood at last on the worn wooden platform, she looked about with a quick breath. How familiar it all seemed! A few strange faces were near, but the station had not changed. She walked to the edge of the platform, and started to step down, when a pleasant voice said:

"Going up the road? That's my way, and I'll give you a lift."

She looked up into the face of a middle aged woman who was smiling down at her, and she accepted the invitation eagerly.

The ride was not eventful. The woman was a stranger to her, but she chatted pleasantly of small matters without seeming to expect replies.

Della was busy, eyes and heart, seeing again the old scenes that had never lost their freshness though the years had come between them.

They came to the turn that led to the old home, but the woman did not turn aside. In answer to Della's query, she answered, "Yes, I own the place next to the old Clelland farm."

The words leaped to Della's lips. "Is anyone living there?"

"Yes, Mr. Hays and his wife own it, and they have made quite a place of it; is that where you are going? I didn't know they kept boarders."

Her heart thumped a bit. She had known Mr. Hays slightly; yet she was almost a stranger to him. "I will take just a peek and then—and then—"

The tears came into her eyes. "And then"—despair and dark, settled upon her.

She came to the bend in the road, behind which the old homestead lay, and almost rudely she begged to be left.

The woman stared at her; then without a word, she stopped the horses and Della alighted.

Swaying in the road, Della waited until the team had gone on; then slowly she went up the road. Dusk was beginning to fall, then the old home came into view with a suddenness that was almost a shock.

Della stood swaying in silence, drinking into her hungry and thirsty soul the picture before her and the memories it awakened.

"Oh, if I could only sleep there tonight, in my old room under the big elm; if—but I can't—I can't!" she whispered.

She turned unsteadily back, blindly trying to see through her tears.

Suddenly a voice, holding in its accents something indescribably tender, spoke from the dusk of the roadside.

"Why not go on?"

She stiffened, clenching her hands, wondering in a terrified moment if her mind was breaking, for the voice—

"Wolcott!" she gasped.

"Yes, it is," and he came, tall, easily striding to her, with hand outstretched.

She sought to rally her dazed mind. "But—but—what does it mean?" she whispered in her weakness.

An arm went around her, soothing, comforting, steadying in its strength.

"It means, Della, that not for an hour since you left here have I lost sight of you. I learned that you were coming here; I had Mrs. Fraser meet you. I bought your father's home. I come here summers, Mr. Hays and his wife run the farm for me. My dear, little tired girl, I want you to sleep in that little room under the elm I heard you whisper about. Never mind me. I want you to stay as the guest of Mrs. Hays as long as you wish. Come."

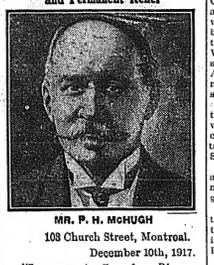
Something seemed to fall about her like a shadow of protecting wings.

"Wolcott, I have learned—I want to stay—oh, always—with you!"

—30—

TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Brought Quick and Permanent Relief



MR. P. H. McHUGH
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December 10th, 1917.

"I was a great sufferer from *Rheumatism for over 15 years*, I consulted specialists, took medicines, used lotions; but nothing did me good.

Then, I began to use "Fruit-a-tives"; and in 15 days, the pain was easier and the Rheumatism was better. Gradually, "*Fruit-a-tives*" *overcame my Rheumatism;* and now, for five years, I have had no return of the trouble. Also, I had severe *Eczema and Constipation*, and "Fruit-a-tives" relieved me of these complaints; and gave me a good appetite; and in every way restored me to health". P. H. McHUGH.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent post paid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

LARGE LUMBER ENTERPRISES.

The most gigantic lumber enterprise ever conceived has been launched in British Columbia by a syndicate headed by Percy M. Purcher, president of the American Oil Fields Co., New York, and John Arbuthnot, financier, of Victoria, B.C., and a former mayor of Winnipeg. The world's markets will be entered with the products of the B.C. forests, mills and factories. Already orders for 30,000,000 feet of lumber have been received from British interests and contracts are pending from European interests that will run into billions of feet. The Oriental, Australian and South American markets will receive special attention, and shipments to Atlantic ports via the Panama Canal will be regular after the reconstruction of devastated Europe.

CALGARY S. A. BAND VISITS RED DEER

The citizens of Red Deer were afforded a great opportunity of hearing good music during the visit of the Calgary Salvation Army band over the past week-end. The band motored up from Calgary to Red Deer and arrived here about 7 p.m. Saturday evening. Supper was served to about forty-five persons by the ladies of the local corps. Besides the members of the band, Brigadier J. W. Hay, of Edmonton; Captain Samson and Lieut. Garnett, of Wetaskiwin; Adjt. Jones, of Medicine Hat, and a number of comrades from Calgary, spent the week-end in Red Deer.

After supper the band proceeded to the bandstand on the City Square, where a most excellent open-air concert was given. The visitors were then taken to their various billets by the Boy Scouts.

Sunday's programme was commenced at 7 o'clock in the morning, when many of the bandsmen and comrades gathered together at knee-drill.

At 10 a.m. the band took charge of the open air meeting which lasted until 11 a.m., after which a public meeting was held in the Salvation Hall with Brigadier Hay in charge.

At about half past two in the afternoon the band again conducted an open air meeting until three p.m. when they marched to the Lyric Theatre, where a splendid audience was gathered to listen to the various musical items and a short adress by Brig. Hay. From various reports this afternoon meeting was greatly enjoyed by all present.

At about 6.30 p.m. the band and members of the local corps met together at the Lyric Theatre and marched down in front of the Commercial Cafe, where a most successful open air meeting was held, lasting until 7.30 p.m. Upon returning to the Lyric, they found the theatre well filled with a most interested audience. The Salvation meeting was then conducted by Brig. J. W. Hay, assisted by the band, and the musical numbers at this evening meeting gave great pleasure to the most exacting critics.

On Monday morning, with a clear blue sky overhead and glorious sunshine flooding the earth, the band, teachers and scholars of the Salvation Army Sunday School and numerous large boxes, said to contain good things to eat, were packed into cars and started on their way to Sylvan Lake. Upon arriving at the Lake, everyone immediately proceeded to enjoy themselves to the fullest extent, and it was quite evident that they accomplished this, for one only needed a glimpse of Adjt. Merritt's laughing face as he gave himself up to the novel pleasure of sliding down the shoot, to see Brig. Hay, imagining himself to be about fifteen years of age, instead of ——, while he bravely waded into the water and enjoyed himself with the boys, both big and little.

Some of the visitors were overheard making such statements as, "This is one of the most beautiful spots and has one of the finest beaches I have yet seen in the West," and the Deputy Bandmaster at the concert in the evening, said that he had just returned from a visit to the first place that could be compared to Ireland, since leaving that "land of perfect delight." The bandsmen are all most anxious to visit another trip to Red Deer in the near future for different reasons, and they claim that this week-end was the best they have ever had.

The Monday evening concert given in the Methodist church was the best yet, and the varied programme provided a series of delights to music lovers.

Although every number merited the highest praise, special mention might be made of the violin solos, instrumental trio, concertina solos, and the playing of the bones by Bandsman Locke.

Adjt. Merritt, who is in charge of Calgary No. 1 Corps, and who is known as the "Concertina Wonder," entranced his audience when he seemed to make his instrument speak.

Miss Montgomery, with her fine, well trained voice, greatly delighted the listeners at each one of the concerts where she took part.

One bandsman, who is certainly deserving of special mention, is Bandsman William Carroll, who has made a great name for himself in musical circues and especially at the front where he spent considerably over two years. At one time in his career he played before King Albert, of Belgium, by request, and his performance with his cornet is regarded as nothing less than marvellous.

The piano accompaniments were rendered by Miss Muriel Creighton, daughter of the Bandmaster, and her playing left nothing to be desired.

Perhaps the keenest enjoyment of the music of this band is derived from the fact that these musicians have full salvation and pardon from sin, and give their time and their talents to be used by God in His service. Music that comes from the soul is music indeed.

The officers and members of the local corps of the Salvation Army wish to express their heartfelt gratitude to all those citizens who assisted by billeting the members of the band, or in using their cars in taking the children out and bringing them from the Lake, also to Rev. Mr. Armstrong and the Board of the Methodist church for the use of the church, to Mr. Towe for the use of the Lyric Theatre and to any other friends who assisted in any way in making this week-end the splendid success, which it most assuredly was.

CANADIANS ALL BACK BY MIDDLE OF AUGUST

Ottawa, July 24.—Apart from the 3,800 officers and men being brought to Canada by the steamships Regina and Winnifreda, the former due at Halifax today, there still remain in England, including soldiers' dependents and unattached women, approximately 49,000 Canadians who must be brought home before the task of demobilization is complete. Unmarried soldiers and officers still to be returned number 10,000, and married 11,000. Wives, children and unattached women swell the total to nearly 50,000.

Although the homeward movement of Canadians is not at present as heavy as formerly, it will shortly be speeded, and it is anticipated that by the end of August all the Canadians and their dependents will be back in Canada.

NO ROYALTY NEED APPLY

Weimar, July 23.—No member of a family that at any time has ruled Germany is eligible for the offices of president of Germany. The national assembly has thus ruled by adopting a motion of one of its members, Frau Augnus.

ENGINE OF THE DIRIGIBLE WAS IMPERFECT

Crew of Chicago Vessel Knew There Was Trouble With Mechanism.

Chicago, July 23.—Further investigation by city and state authorities into the wreck of the Goodyear Tire Company's newly tried out dirigible on Monday which resulted in the death of 12 persons, the injury of 28 others, and the wrecking of the interior of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, was resumed today.

The investigation, which started yesterday, was adjourned because of the refusal of two witnesses—John A. Boetner, pilot of the ill-fated airship on its last trip, and W. C. Young, local aeronautical expert of the company—to testify on advice of counsel. They are held by the state's attorney while the other members of the crew who had related in detail the events which led up to the plunge of the machine through the roof of the bank, were released to their attorney.

A DOUBLE JURY

Coroner Hoffman is working with a double jury in an attempt to place the responsibility for the deaths. One jury is heading testimony and the other acting in an advisory capacity.

Henry Wacker, surviving mechanician of the disaster, who is suffering with a fracture of the skull, a broken back and fractures of the shoulder and three ribs, said that the fire in the airship was caused by backfire of the motor. He declared that the crew knew of the trouble which was being experienced with the engine and that Chief Pilot Kraft had refused to go aboard for the final trip.

The dependents of the employes of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, who were killed, will receive $4,500 insurance, it became known today. Each was insured for $1,000 on a life policy and $3,500 on an accident policy furnished by the bank.

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Some new colored Pongee Silks that are really very nice; in Black, White, Navy, Paddy, Pink and Rose. Per yard $2.25

Also in natural colors in a variety of prices from 60¢ to $1.50

Durability Silk in Black, White, Purple, Cope and Maize, for, per yard.... $2.00

Silk Poplin in all the pretty and dainty shades, for, per yard $1.50 to $2.25

Wash Satins in Pink and White. A repeat order just to hand, and selling at, per yard $2.50 and $3.00

Black Duchess Satin, very wide widths, at, per yard $3.50 and $4.00

Children's Middies

White Drill Middies with Blue collars and cuffs; ages from 3 to 5, each $1.50

White Drill with collars and cuffs of striped and plaid Ginghams; ages 4 to 6; price $1.65

White "Coat" Middie, with Pearl button trimming; ages 8 to 12, for.... $2.00

Quite a range of **Plain White Smocks** for girls from 8 to 14, for $1.75

Women's Middies

Plain White Middies, made of Drill and trimmed with braid, for $2.00

Plain White Coat Middie, with belt, for only $2.95

Pongee Silk Smock with White Silk collar and cuffs and belt, for $7.00

Pretty Rose Shade Drill Smock trimmed with stripe Crepe and covered buttons, for $5.00

Rose Colored Pongee Silk Middie with braid trimming, for $7.50

Forsyth's Kiddie Underwear

Cleaning out two lines at last year prices

Boy's Cross-bar Muslin Underwear, in sizes from 2 to 9, for $1.00

Girls' Talco Mull Underwear; a limited amount of this dainty line left; sizes 2 to 9, for $1.00

Men's Footwear Department

Ahren's Mule Harvesters, cost more than some others and are worth more. Some of the pairs we sold last year are still on duty. Get a pair the next time you are in town and prove their worth and comfort. Per pair $4.00

Men's Very Soft Tan Elk "Sport boot" style, with viscolised elk sole. In men's they are priced at $5.50
Boys' are priced at $4.00

A fine **Vici Goodyear Welted Men's Laced Boot,** of Bell make; splendid for tired feet on hot days. Per pair.. $11.50

An Old Man's Kid Boot with a very wide and easy toe with no cap. There is a constant demand for something easy for old feet; and also easy for old pockets. We believe we have the combination. Priced at $6.00

Men's Heavy Pebbled Stock Work Boot We picked up a few cases at a snap the other day. We think the traveller tried to bluff us with quantity propositions. We called the bluff, as the judge says, and are selling them for $5.00

Men's Furnishing Department

Men's Wonderful Striped Silk Shirts, in the very latest, handsomest and fetchingest colorings. You would be well-dressed if you had nothing else on. Each $8.00

Men's Gauntlets for hard work. Three good lines, and all worth the money. Very handy for working about machinery, and will keep your cuffs clean. Priced at $1.50, $1.95 and $2.50

Men's Motor Gauntlets; quite a nice variety to pick from. Chiefly in Black leathers, either plain or pebbled. Priced at $3.00, $4.50, $5.00

Men's and Boys' Leather Belts in Black, Tan and Grey shades. We often wonder where all the belts and braces go to, for a shipment is hardly unpacked, it seems, before they are back on the "want list." Prices: 25¢, 35¢, 45¢, 50¢, 65¢, 75¢, $1.00 and $1.25.

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SAY GRAZING LEASES ARE HELD BY BIG CONCERNS.

Cattle men from east of Calgary have returned to Edmonton following a close investigation of the prospects for stock feeding in the Peace and Grand Prairie countries—one of them having visited the territory as far north as Hudson's Hope, reports that grazing leases amounting to anything are held almost exclusively by big enterprises with the result that the smaller man is offered but poor chances to obtain either leases or feed.

These men, well-known cattle ranchers in the Calgary district, made the trip north as a result of the poor situation in their own neighborhoods. And their investigations have not reached the expectations they had prior to the visit. They declare that there is plenty of hay, an abundance of it, in fact. "But all the good leases are held by big concerns who have areas that exceed twelve thousand acres. They have all got the hay fever, too, and those who would sell will not do so because they do not know the maximum price that hay is going to command," was the comment of one of these stockmen.

They report that there has been lots of rain in the north and that for the most part hay meadows in the low lying countries have received too much, with the result that surface water on the land is at present preventing cutting operations.

LABOR AND LIQUOR

Few social developments are more significant than the changed attitude of organized labor to prohibition. Two years ago the Trades and Labor Councils of Canadian cities were strongly arrayed in opposition to the various prohibitory laws, and not the least reason for this was the distrust awakened by the fact that prohibition was advocated by large employers for what workmen supposed to be class purposes.

The working out of prohibition, however, has had unexpected results. Union meetings are better attended, and there is less disposition to leave early before the bars should close. And certainly the new conditions under prohibition have made far more sustained attention and study of the problems of industry.

It is not surprising therefore that prohibition has been accompanied by an emphatic reassertion of the aspirations of labor for better conditions and more effective organization in support of these aspirations. This explains why leading authorities in the shipbuilding industry appeared before the U.S. Senate Committee in opposition to prohibition on the ground that increased industrial unrest followed the doing away of the liquor trade.

On the other hand men like Professor Leacock have awakened deep resentment by pleas that the ordinary worker is far more happy sitting with his mug of beer than attending to the duties of his union. And writers in labor papers have protested against the efforts of men conspicuous in financial circles to restore the open sale of liquor.

It is, therefore, not surprising that one labor council after another has placed itself on record as favoring prohibition. While there are still several who have not thus fully changed their mind, and others who would favor the provision for beer, there is no doubt about a widespread and definite change from hostility to support of drastic measures for the restriction of the sale of liquor.

Great efforts have been put forth to secure from various unions and labor councils expressions of opposition to total prohibition, but the efforts to maintain the old line-up have been quite disappointing.

If prohibition brings as its first result a more thoughtful and disciplined, and also a more ambitious spirit in organized labor, every true citizen will rejoice.

AN ENGLISH MOTHER

LINKS OF EMPIRE FORGED BY A WORKING WOMAN

In a cosy little home in a quiet little street in Miles Platting, a Lancashire working woman has been busy for three years forging new links between Great Britain and Canada. She is Mrs. Bagshaw, a comely, grey-haired mother, with wise, sad eyes, a gentle voice and a gentler heart.

She would laugh at the idea that she has done any work for anybody, least of all for the empire. She has worked so quietly and so shyly that nothing would have been known of her had not a Canadian soldier written to The Daily Mail to thank an unknown "English mother" who placed maple leaf wreaths on all the Canadian and American graves in Manchester at Easter.

"Can anyone fathom the love of this 'English mother' who would trouble to make and take wreaths to unknown graves?" the Canadian asked. "In the name of the Canadian mothers I thank her with all my heart. It was fine to realize that this dear 'English mother' was worth fighting for."

But the wreaths were no more than an incident in the work of Mrs. Bagshaw has done. Over 115 Canadian soldiers, homeless and friendless in England, have been her guests on leave from the trenches, the hospitals and the camps. She has written their letters, looked after such treasures as they would not take back to the fighting, amused, scolded and soothed them as their special needs demanded. Now that they are going home, letters from all parts of Canada, from soldiers and soldiers' mothers and sweethearts, pour into the little house at the rate of 60 a week. Over 2,000 Canadian letters have been received and answered. They are fragrant with thanks, earnest in appeals to come to Canada "and let us look after you as you looked after us." So the ties grow.

"But I have done nothing at all," Mrs. Bagshaw told a representative of The Daily Mail. "You see my boy was killed with the Manchester Pals in January, 1916. I had always done what I could for the wounded. A soldier's mother always feels that all soldiers are her boys.

"And when I lost my boy I just thought I'd keep his room as he liked it and let the Canadians use it whenever they could. They were such splendid boys. So clean lived and so frank and friendly, and when I saw them in hospital they seemed such a long way from home, with so few friends and so few homes open to them.

"They used to tell each other about me and turn up at all sorts or hours. One boy wired to say he was coming for his honeymoon, and got here with his bride before his wire.

"But they were very good. They used to help me with the housework, and they were always so cheerful and jolly. It was a very great joy indeed to have them. Hard work? Well, hard work is a good thing. It helps one to forget.

"Expensive? Well, you see they gave me a pension for my boy. Somehow I felt I couldn't use that for myself, so it has been dedicated to other mothers' boys.

"They still write. Two of them have asked me to find wives for them. It is rather a tall order, isn't it? But they say, 'You know just what we want, mother.' They all call me mother, I am proud of that.

"Yes, they have asked me to go out to Canada as their guest. I hope to go next spring, but I want to go to France first. Some of the boys will not go home. I know their mothers will want to hear about their graves. Just as I want to know about my boy's.

So the little mother with the little house talks of her work, quietly, contentedly, humbly. But lesser people have altered destinies with poorer work.

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For the past 54 years, this Bank has given particular attention to the business of Farmers.

We have helped many over the rough places, and have aided many more to the highest plane of success.

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HEROINE IS IDOL OF CZECH ARMY

GENTLY NURTURED GIRL WHO MARCHED, FOUGHT AND NURSED ACROSS 6,000 MILES OF SIBERIA HOLDS HEARTS OF RETURNING EXILE BAND

Of the 1,000 and more Czech-Slovaks who recently passed through the United States on their way from heroic fighting in Siberia, to their homes in Bohemia, none is so respected and loved by the troops as Anna Holikova, a slender, gently-nurtured young girl, who suffered and fought with the volunteer army and nursed the men all the way from Russia to the Pacific.

As the troops passed through, the men pointed fondly to the vivacious young girl and told of the lives she saved, of comrades wounded in the front line to whom she crawled out and whom she dragged to safety, to minister to them. But no word of her adventures or bravery was told by Anna, first, because she is too modest and because she shudders to recall the terrible days, and again because the physicians have forbidden her to speak of these things, to prevent her becoming excited now.

Anna, now but 21 years of age, was studying music at Warsaw when the war broke ont. She is the only daughter of a wealthy business man of Prague, who had sent her to Warsaw to perfect her in the violin. When she endeavored to reach her father she was arrested and imprisoned by the Russians as a spy. She was forced by the Russians to do hard labor on the highways, often until she swooned from the exertion. Eventually she escaped and went to Kiev, where she joined the newly-organized Czecho-Slovak army.

FIGHTS AS SOLDIER

She donned a uniform and cut off her hair, and, though she generally acted as nurse for the wounded, she often engaged in the battles of the Czechs. Travelling with them on foot and by train, it is said this young girl marched more than 6,000 miles, endured the hardships of the Siberian winters and the hard life of the volunteer army. When the Czechs were tricked by the Bolsheviki and, being disarmed, fought with their hands, the young girl fought, too, in that way. Wounded several times, and ill from typhoid fever, she recovered through sheer will power.

Because she is so small of stature, clothed in the grey uniform, she was able to crawl out of the lines unseen by the enemy, and drag in the wounded, and this she did continually.

At one time, after joining the army she was captured by the Bolsheviki, and suffered unknown tortures at their hands while imprisoned. Here, by a trick, she slipped off her belt and threw it over the neck of her jailor, and so escaped.

And now she is to be cared for by the nurses and doctors of the Czech detachment, until her arrival at home where she will seek her father, of whom she has had no word since 1917. "Whether he starved to death, as did many in Prague, or was shot as a spy, I do not know," she says.

But though she has gone through untold suffering, one would little dream that she were other than a light-hearted young girl, with no thought of trouble. The hardships have, however, left her with a nervous affliction that affects her at times, and so the doctors insist upon her talking of nothing but happy subjects.

ALL HER BROTHERS.

The way in which she regards the brave, strong men of the army was shown by the manner in which she referred to them. "I had no brothers as I was an only child, but now I have many," she smiled to the interpreter.

Like all the troops on their way to their Bohemian home, the young girl's countenance is buoyed up by the thought that she is going back to a free country and not to the hated Austrian rule. "It is wonderful," she says, "to think we now have a free country."

There are many interesting characters among these brave troops, who perhaps have suffered greater hardships than any other people in the war. And the most remarkable thing to those who come in contact with them is the cheerfulness and the kindliness of spirit of each one. The delegation of the thousand men has been able to hear from his people in Czecho-Slovakia for two years or knows whether they are alive or dead, but there is no bewailing of fate or bitterness shown by them, as they gratefully express their thanks for the kind treatment received since coming to America.

Many of the men are university graduates, doctors of philosophy, doctors of medicine, lawyers and scientists, and now that the fighting is over, they are turning attention to their professions again.

An African king had taken a fancy to a missionary, and wishing to please him and make him stand between him and the white governments who were inclined to punish him for certain crimes, brought before him the five hundred most beautiful maidens in his kingdom. "They are the loveliest flowers of my land," said the monarch, "pick one from among them for your wife." The missionary, who already had a wife at home, was greatly embarrassed and not wishing to hurt the feelings of his host, much less offend him, replied diplomatically, "You honor me, but I dare not choose lest the others grow jealous." "That's easily fixed," replied the monarch; "take them all."

KOOTENAY FIRES STILL BLAZING; BIG FIGHT ON

WIND DRIVES FLAMES FROM NELSON, PLACING B.C. TOWN OUT OF DANGER.

Nelson, B.C., July 25.—The forest fire which broke out Wednesday night at the base of Evening Mountain, about two miles from the city limits, broke out afresh yesterday morning, after having been held in check throughout the day. The flames are forcing their way up the mountain, being driven by a moderate wind.

The club house of the Nelson golf and country club and several ranch houses which were thought to be in danger last night, are now believed to be safe, the fire having gone in the opposite direction.

Crews of men have been fighting the fire in relays since soon after the first blaze was noted at about 8.30 Wednesday night. The first upon the scene were a number of women and girls who live on nearby ranches. They got busy at once with axes and shovels and assisted their men folk to drive the flames toward the mountain. At first the wind was blowing directly toward the city of Nelson, but it soon changed to the opposite direction, and has been blowing away from the city almost all the time since.

The origin of the fire is still a mystery. Three separate outbreaks were noticed at about the same time. An investigation is being made by the Forestry department.

Fires throughout the Kootenay district are continuing to do considerable damage to valuable timber.

Spokane, Wash., July 25.—Rain in eastern Montana and northern Idaho today improved the forest fire situation. High winds last night, according to reports to forest service officials, did not do as much damage as had been anticipated, although lightning started many new fires.

St. Regis and Thompson Falls, threatened with destruction for several days, last night were reported saved.

The forest service sent additional men to the fire stricken districts. In the Nez Perce forest a fire was burning close to Elkily, Idaho, and had covered 1,500 acres. In the Lollo forest a new fire was reported.

Reports from Oregon indicated that 55 forest fires had been started by lightning.

Detroit, Mich., July 25.—High winds which continued yesterday to drive fires at a rapid rate through pine forests, brush and over prairie lands of upper Michigan, and the northern counties of the lower peninsula.

Reports from fire wardens in half a dozen counties indicate that the situation was more threatening than at any stage this year.

In the upper peninsula forests around Trout Lake and Raco appear to be the scenes of the largest fires which have been sweeping along unchecked for four days.

CANADIAN RECIPROCITY ACT WILL BE REPEALED BY U.S.

New York, July 25.—A Washington dispatch to the New York World says: "Immediate repeal of the Canadian reciprocity act, approved by President Taft on July 26, 1911, was decided upon by the ways and means committee today. This is the first tariff revision definitely agreed to by the Republicans since regaining control of congress and is a step toward the throwing of a high protective wall about American products.

A report was ordered to be made to the house tomorrow, and if possible the repeal measure will be rushed through before the summer recess, which leaders are endeavoring to secure, beginning early in August.

CANNOT FORMULATE TRADE POLICY YET.

London, July 25.—In view of the retention of many war trade restrictions until Sept. 1, when it had been expected the government would declare its policy with regard to trade and the statement made recently by Sir Auckland Geddes, minister of national reconstruction and service, that the government policy was in a locked box and could not be disclosed, great interest attached to the reception today by Premier Lloyd George of a delegation from the National Union of Manufacturers.

The delegation urged that the government declare its trade policy on the ground that the continued uncertainty was a great handicap to business.

The premier, in reply, pointed out that it was difficult for the government to make any attempt to formulate a definite policy in view of the present labor unrest. He said, however, that he proposed to make an announcement before the recess. It would be impossible, he added, to give legislative effect to such a policy and thought the restrictions expiring in September should be extended until parliament had an opportunity to deal with the matter.

RAIN HAS CHECKED FIRES UP IN B.C.

Nelson, B.C., July 25.—Rain which has been falling intermittently in scattered sections of the interior since early morning is believed to have effectually checked several of the worst forest fires. No rain has fallen in the immediate vicinity of Nelson as yet. The fire which has been burning just outside the city limits on Evening Mountain, has been drive to the higher levels by the wind and all danger from this source is believed to be past.

A MEMORY.

How well I remember our childhood's disease,
As old recollections present them to view;
The fever, the ague, the colds and the sneezes,
The mumps and the measles and the chicken pox too.
The remedies mother administered quickly—
The syrup of squills; ipecac, calomel;
And then, if next morning we still appeared sickly,
She called in the doctor who made us get well.
The old fashioned doctor,
The family doctor,
The white whiskered doctor
Who made us get well.
His eyebrows were bushy, his forehead was wrinkled,
His manner was hearty, his voice deep and gruff;
And through his big glasses, his little eyes twinkled,
As he gave us a dose of some vile tasting stuff.
He felt of our pulse, and he said,
Stick out your tongue!"
He told us to stay home from school for a spell;
Then, "I'll see you tomorrow, good-morning," he flung out,
That old-fashioned doctor, who made us get well.
The old fashioned doctor,
The family doctor,
The white whiskered doctor
Who made us get well.
But now we have specialized diagnosticians,
Who take our blood pressure and temperature;
They're highly efficient these modern physicians,
And yet they don't always accomplish a cure.
X-ras and vaccine they are awfully strong for;
They pull all our teeth and we dare not rebel;
And we drag our case on till we secretly long for
The old-fashioned doctor who made us get well.
The old fashioned doctor,
The family doctor,
The white whiskered doctor
Who made us get well.

ADVOCATES UNION GOVERNMENT FOR ONTARIO.

Toronto, July 24.—Union government for the province of Ontario is advocated in an editorial of the Orange Sentinel, of which H. C. Hocken, M.P., is editor and proprietor, as follows:

"There is talk of forming a Union government in Ontario. That is what ought to be done. There are tens of thousands of loyal, progressive British Liberals in this province that do not want to be dominated by the reactionaries, who have selected H. H. Dewart as their leader. The only bond between them is the name of the party. As an exponent of progressive political thought, Sir William Hearst is more a Liberal than Mr. Dewart, in fact, there is no significance in party nomenclature. The real Liberals are the Conservatives, as the policies of the late Sir James Whitney and the present premier fully substantiate. A Union government in Ontario would lead the way for a Union party in Manitoba and the other western provinces, and soon cover the whole dominion.

"The Sentinel stands for a union of the loyalists of Canada, so that the Dominion will be free from the attempts of anti-conscription and reactionaries to destroy our place in the empire."

WAR FACTS AND FIGURES.

These are some of the amazing facts in Sir Douglas Haig's last despatch:

General Headquarters received 9,000 telegrams in one day, and 3,400 letters by despatch riders. One army headquarters had 10,000 telegrams in a day, and the daily telegrams on the lines of communication were 23,000.

There were 1,500 lines of telegraph and telephones, and 3,688 miles of railways, on which 1,800 trains run weekly.

In six weeks 5,000,000 rations were supplied by our armies in France, to 800,000 civilians in the relieved areas.

200 tons dead weight of supplies and stores were required daily for the maintenance of each division.

The total daily ration strength of our armies was 2,700,000. An addition of one ounce to each man's ration represented an extra 75 tons.

Over 400,000 horses and mules and 700 motor vehicles were used, and 4,500 miles of road made or maintained.

In 1914 there was one machine-gun to 500 infantrymen in the British army; at the armistice there was one machine-gun to 20 infantrymen.

Over 700,000 tons of ammunition were fired by our artillery on the Western front from last August to the armistice.

DROWNS IN ATTEMPT TO SAVE LITTLE SON.

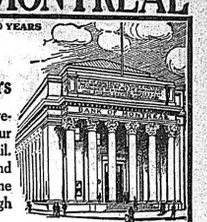
Port Elgin, Ont., July 24.—Mrs. Humphrey, of Winnipeg, who was spending a vacation with relatives here, was drowned while attempting to rescue her little son, who was wandering along the shore and had gone into the channel at the end of the dock.

Mrs. Humphrey had apparently become excited as the son and little niece were being picked up by Mr. Elgin Hayes and were being brought to shore safely. She apparently had fallen and gone under, and when Mr. Hayes had put the children in safety Mrs. Humphrey was not to be seen. After diving and dragging for half an hour, the searchers found her body in about four feet of water.

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New Cars are Scarce
WE HAVE ONLY TWO OVERLANDS LEFT.

WE HAVE SOME REAL SNAPS IN SECONDHAND CARS.

FORD, 1918—Complete Set of Shock Absorbers, Cut-out, No-Glare Headlights, Foolproof Dash, Oil Guage, Set Cushion Covers, these covers were put on the car when bought new. Run only 2,000 Miles. $550 CASH.

CHEVROLET, 1918—In excellent condition, well Tired, Excellent Rim and Tire Carrier, etc. Run about 2,200 miles.

IF YOU ARE THINKINK OF BUYING, LOOK OUR LIST OVER AND SAVE MONEY ON THE DEAL WE OFFER.

THREE OTHER CARS FOR SALE. BEST STOCK OF TIRES AND ACCESSORIES IN CENTRAL ALBERTA.

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RED DEER
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"PRODUCE AND SAVE."

The present world-wide condition of discontentment can not be remedied by the acts of alchemy. There is a scarcity of food everywhere. Necessarily prices are higher, and money will not go so far as it did. There is no royal road back to pre-war conditions. When the people of Canada—all the people of Canada—realize this we will begin as a nation our march to a normal state of affairs. It is perfectly futile to curse the government. The remedy lies only in the hands of the people themselves.

This is neither a defense of the Government or the counsel of despair. It is a plain statement that finds an echo in the mind of every intelligent and thoughtful citizen. The world shortage of everything cannot be made good by statute. It can only be made good by increased production and economy, and in no other way. Manifestly the end desired cannot be reached by a few, no matter how intensively they labor. It depends upon the united efforts of all the people. Each one may contribute only an infinitesimal fraction, but when the fractions are totalled up the sum will be enormous. It will not do for any man, or any set of men, who are truly loyal to the country, to deny this liability. Canadians stood together to produce and save to win the war. They must stand together to reconstruct our national life after the awful conflict.

The war is over so far as the fighting goes. Our young men will not be called to the miseries, sufferings, and death of the battlefields, but the consequences of the war will be with us for half a century to come. With a national debt of two billion dollars, and a pension list of forty million dollars a year at least, we must face a burden of taxation that none of us ever dreamt of. It is as idle to bemoan our situation as it was to protest against the war. The war was forced upon us, and we had to win or lose. We staked the resources of Canada for half a century in order to win. We did win, and now we must work and save to recover our old, easy place of light burdens and low taxes. It is possible for the people who are in Canada today to produce at least fifty per cent more than they did before the war. It is equally possible for them to make substantial economies in their expenditures. It will mean some self-denial, perhaps, but so did the struggle to win.

And so, when Sir Thomas White, in presenting the budget in parliament declared that there was only one way to meet our present situation he spoke the words of truth and soberness. As he said, the only panacea is "Produce and Save."

BRITAIN LEADS.

The New York Tribune points out that in 1914 Germany was first, France was second, Italy was fourth and the United States last in the appreciation of aircraft, as shown by the amount of money each was willing to spend on that arm of preparedness. When the armistice was signed, in November 11, 1918, the personnel of the military air force in each of these countries was as follows:

	Officers and men
Great Britain	265,000
United States	185,852
Italy	100,337
France	80,000
Germany	Unknown

Great Britain is determined to maintain her lead, in evidence of which the appropriations for the year 1919-20 follow:

Experimental and research in civil aviation $15,000,000
Military and naval (joint service $315,000,000
Total appropriated for the air $330,000,000

It is now as appropriate to sing "Britannia Rules the Air." as it is to sig. "Britannia Rules the Waves."

THE ROYAL BANK
OF CANADA
Incorporated 1869

HEAD OFFICE - - MONTREAL

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Capital Paid Up	14,000,000
Reserve Funds	15,500,000
Total Assets	over 427,000,000

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Vice-President and Managing Director, E. L. Pease
General Manager, C. E. Neill.
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Published Every Wednesday Morning at The News Block, Gaetz Ave., South.

Subscription $1.50 per year if paid in advance.

$2.00 a year to the United States

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Display Advertising.....25c. per inch
Readers 10c. per line
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JNO. A. CARSWELL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY, JULY 30th, 1919.

WEIGHED IN THE BALANCES.

Lloyd George's announcement that the tribunal to judge the ex-Kaiser will shortly sit in London is, in the opinion of the Toronto Mail and Empire, one of the most satisfactory things that has been said since November 11. The Peace Conference in Paris seemed to absorbed in establishing new states and in considering the details of the peace treaty that it was feared William Hohenzollern had been overlooked. There were many who hinted that, after all, the ex-Kaiser was of royal blood, and that royalty in Europe would stand by him. It is satisfactory to know that these hints of influence in behalf of the Hohenzollerns were baseless, that a new world which is supposed to have been born as a result of the war will prove no respecter of persons, and that a man who orders a murder will be punished whether he happens to be a former emperor or an obscure employer of gunmen. It is to be inferred from the Prime minister's statement that there will be no trouble about getting Wilhelm out of Holland, and that the learned nonsense talked about the impossibility of extraditing a man who claims the rank of political refugee has not imposed upon the leaders of the Allied nations.

Unless the Allies have been as grossly misled as have the German people, there can be not the slightest doubt, says the Toronto paper, that legally and morally the ex-Emperor of Germany is a murderer, and therefore ought to be imprisoned for life or sentenced to death. But it is not because he is one of the greatest criminals in history that there is such a strong demand for his punishment. Nothing that can happen now nothing that has happened in the past six months, can add to the bitterness of William Hohenzollern's punishment. There has hardly been such a fall since Lucifer fell flaming. Perhaps no man in history has been so loathed and hated by so many people as the former Emperor of Germany. Nor if he had a million lives and each one of them was cut short by an executioner would it be possible to fully satisfy the claims of humanity against him. It is solely on account of the lesson his fate will have for those who come after him that the extreme penalty is demanded for this man. His execution would be a better guarantee of the peace of the world than any treaty made in Paris or a League of Nations. If an autocrat knew that in the event of a war of his planning being a failure his own life would be forfeited he would not lightly go to war. When he has only to risk other people's lives, as in the past, he will not hesitate from taking the risk. Unless this temptation is forever removed the work of the Peace Conference will have been a failure.

GOOD ADVICE.

Calgary Herald.—Field Marshal Haig has mixed long enough with others of the allies to have learned that it does not pay to be too English with respect to recognition of the service given during the war by British troops and other fighting forces. The Englishman is known the world over for discounting the value of his own effort and exaggerating the work of the other fellow. The field marshal intimates that this is poor business. He is right. If it were continued long enough, many people who should know better would be convinced that the war was fought and won not by the British at all, but by others.

The field marshal makes the positive statement that it was the British who defeated Germany. British soldiers and British sailors were responsible for the triumph of the Allies, he declares, and he can see no good reason why Englishmen should refrain from emphasizing that fact. Again he is right. If for no other reason than that it is only fair to those who fought and lived, and particularly to those who fought and died, there should be no English hesitation in announcing the fact that the British were the real victors in the war.

One of these days, let us hope, someone competent to do it will write a record of the war which will contain an accurate account of the work of the British on land and sea. That record, when written, will make clear that there could have been no success possible for the Allies had it not been for the wonderful work of the British fighting units. In the meantime, it is to be hoped Britishers will take the advice of Field Marshal Haig and do a little legitimate boasting.

It isn't as if the other fellows had done nothing. They all did their share, or, at least, as much as they were able to do under the peculiar circumstances in each of their cases. But, after all, it was the British army and the British navy which, from the very outset to the end of the years of battle grind, were the dependable forces. No forlorn hope task was too forlorn to be passed over to them, with a feeling of assurance that it would somehow be accomplished—an assurance that was never destroyed, by the way, all through the war.

DR. DEWART.

Toronto Star: In August, 1916, the liquor interests declared that they could elect their man in South-West Toronto, and could and would defeat any candidate the Hearst government put up. So far as The Star is concerned we opposed the nomination of any Liberal in that riding at that time; we opposed the nomination and election of Mr. Dewart, who was not put in the field by the Liberal party but by a local convention, and ran as an independent Liberal. He was elected, and the anti-prohibitionists claimed his election as a triumph.

On August 16, 1916, a week before Mr. Dewart's election to the legislature, we said of him editorially:

"If all the interests that Mr. Dewart invites to support him were to do so he would be elected, and if elected he would probably carry out his promises by working for each in turn, but his last turn and his best turn would be for the interests whose candidate he really is, the anti-prohibitionists, and those who want to see prohibition discredited."

Three years have gone by since then, and now the man who was elected in South-West Toronto to "punish" Hon. Mr. Hearst and Hon. N. W. Rowell for bringing in prohibition has been selected by a convention as leader of the party which fought the last two elections in favor of prohibition. How can it be expected that he will be accepted and followed as a leader by the supporters of prohibition, who make up the bulk of the party? How can it be supposed that Liberals who two years ago found themselves unable to compromise their convictions in order to follow Sir Wilfrid Laurier, for whose character and personality they had the utmost respect, will, on a different but also important issue, do so now for Mr. Dewart? When the Liberal party in this province closes its ranks again and addresses itself unitedly to the work of Liberalism it must be under quite different leadership.

BRITISH ACHIEVEMENTS IN THE GREAT WAR

In the current number of the Round Table there is a concise review of the military effort of the British Empire, and by it the reader is impressed with the tremendous military effort put forth by the United Kingdom. There are comparisons, accompanied by explanations of the various influences which affected the raising of the several armies, each one of which was a credit to the land in which it was recruited. The figures presented are from official records In August, 1914, the total of armed land forces in the United Kingdom was 733,514 men. From that date until the end of the great war there was recruited an army of 4,970,902. Of this number, England, vastly the largest white community in the Empire, contributed 4,006,158 soldiers. Scotland's provision was 557,618; that of Wales and Monmouth 272,924, and Ireland 134,202. This 4,970,902 war recruitment, added to the armed land forces existing in 1914, previous to the outbreak, makes a combined total of 5,704,416. The Dominions and colonies furnished another 1,425,804 soldiers, an exceedingly creditable showin. The total in arms for the respective countries is: Canada, 628,864; Australia, 416,809; New Zealand, 220,099; South Africa, 136,070; Newfoundland, 11,922; the small colonies, 12,000. The total white enlistments therefore, amounted to 7,130,220 soldiers. Then there was India, where at the outbreak of the war there were 239,561 troops, and since which time 1,161,789 Indians were recruited. The colored troops of South Africa numbered 92,837, of the West Indies 10,000 and of other colonies 20,000. Total Indian and colored, 1,524,187. Grand total of troops for the Empire, 8,654,467.

The figures of the army recruitment are signal proof of the readiness of the citizens to fight for their country at all costs. The Navy also did not lack for recruits, nor did the merchant sea service, and there was a heavy employment of men in munition and other necessary work at home Women to the number of 2,000,000 were also engaged in various activities connected with war's operations. The British Empire was in the war to the death, the peril was fully recognized, and the citizens rose to the occasion. May they and their allies never be so tried again.

REV. A. W. COONE RESIGNS

Rev. A. W. Coone, of Edmonton, has resigned his position as General Secretary of the Alberta Social Service League. He has been continuously with the League for the last five years and has been editor for a longer period of the League's official organ, The Searchlight. In 1915 he was the unanimous choice of the Executive to organize the prohibition forces for the vote on The Liquor Act.

At the last annual convention, Mr. Coone desired to take a rest, but was urged to continue. The Executive in order to lighten the work offered a rest of several months and appointed an assistant. The work of the organization has grown to such an extent, and the prohibition question demands such attention that in the opinion of Mr. Coone a permanent secretary who is able to give his full time to this work should be immediately appointed. He expects to leave the city in the near future, going to the Coast for an extended rest, necessitated by a recent operation.

The full Executive is being called in the near future, probably at Calgary, to consider the matter. In the meantime the work of the General Secretary is being carried on by the Business Manager.

SWAINSON-SIGURDSON

The home of Mr. and Mrs. O. Sigurdson, of Red Deer R. R. No. 1, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Saturday, July 19, when their daughter, Struna, was united in marriage to Mr. Swain Swainson, of Burnt Lake, by the Rev. Mr. Hjalmson, of Markerville. The bride looked charming in cream crepe-de-chene, and carried cream-colored bridal roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Ena Sigurdson, was prettily dressed in Belgian blue crepe-de-chene and carried a bouquet of sweet peas. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Ellis Swainson. After the ceremony, luncheon was served, after which the happy couple took the evening train to Banff where they will spend a week or two before returning to their farm at Burnt Lake. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful gifts which show the high esteem in which she is held. Both young people are well and favorably known, and the best wishes of the community will follow them to their new home.

PROVINCIAL MARKETS

Calgary, July 26.

Cattle.

There is a pleasing improvement in the cattle market this week with the Calgary and Edmonton yards taking care of very heavy receipts and disposing of them at better prices than last week on all grades. The best steers are bringing up to $12.50 and the range on choice ones is down from that to $11.50. On the good butcher steers the prices are up also and they sell from $10.25 to $11.25, with the medium and common ones not going so easily and getting in competition with the feeders. Cows are also advanced two bits, with the good fat cows, worth up to $8.75 and other grades also a quarter higher. Calgary yards are taking care of a lot of feeders and the prices are stronger than a week ago on the feeders and the tone for stockers is also higher, with these from $7.75 down and the feeders $8.00 to $9.25 according to quality. Stocker heifers are from $6.50 down. Calves are holding steady, with the best of them bringing $8.50. There is a very light movement in bulls, oxen or stags.

Hogs.

Thursday's market in Calgary was nearly a deadlock. The buyers offered $23.50 and the commission men wanted $24.00 There were a few sales at the buyers' price, but most of them were held over for this morning when the sales were at $23.50.

Sheep.

Receipts this week have been light and prices unchanged from last week.

Horses

Very few good teams offered or sold at the Calgary auctions during the past week, and prices are hard to quote. Ponies and light young stock are selling very low and dragging somewhat. There is very little demand for good teams, but good prices could probably be obtained for them, but nobody is taking a chance on the market just now.

Grain.

Conditions in Alberta are ranging from good to absolutely rotten so far as crop prospects are concerned. In the dry districts there have not been any rains yet to do any good. Over some districts where there was crop there have been beneficial rainfalls. Prices are showing a stronger tendency on nearly all grains. The U.S. oat crop in some states is rather disappointing.

Produce.

Dairy butter is still in good demand and prices firm and straight receipts will bring up to 39c. Creamery stocks light and prices firm. No change in butterfat prices. Eggs are getting firmer every week and next week's quotation will be around $12.00. Nothing now in potatoes. Poultry is not moving to any extent yet and prices are unchanged.

Hay.

It was announced this week that seven car loads of hay moved from free freight would be allowed on any point in Alberta, Saskatchewan, or Manitoba to the dry districts. This was in line with the announcement made a few weeks ago. Hay on some land is being held at high prices, but the holders will not be able to get anything exorbitant, as hay can be shipped in from other provinces.

A FEW
Odd Specials
AT
BRAZIER'S

Half gal. Glass Water Pitcher, different decorations, at only 75¢

Glasses, good and strong, each 10¢

Glass Fruit Set, each $1.50 up to $3.50

Big Cover Dishes, iron stoneware, each 50¢
Amount limited; get one before they are all gone.

BRAZIER
The Novelty Store

JAYNES & McRAE
CASH MEAT MARKET

Next Door to the Hamilton Bakery.
Phone 138. GAETZ AVE., NORTH

All Kinds of Meat, Fruit, Vegetables

CITY OF RED DEER

RETURNED VETERANS.

It is the wish of the City of Red Deer to give a certificate of appreciation to every man or woman from the Red Deer district who served in any capacity in the army or navy in the Great War and to the next of kin of those who gave up their lives on the field of honour.

The Commissioners will appreciate receiving the names and addresses of any entitled to certificates who have not yet received them.

TAXES

7½% discount will be allowed on all current taxes, excepting frontage and Government Taxes, paid by August 31st.

AUTOMOBILE & VEHICLE DRIVERS

Kindly observe the traffic rules.
Do not turn in the middle of the block on business streets
Keep to the right hand side of the street always.
Remember the man on your right side has the right of way at street intersection.

WATERWORKS

Water rates are payable in advance. If in arrears water may be turned off without further notice.
Hours for lawn or garden sprinkling are 6 to 9 a.m. and 5 to 10 p.m. only

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Viking Cream Separator

Gives you all the cream with the least possible labor

It is one of the best cream separators on the market.
Order your Viking now and let it begin saving your cream for you right away.
The size we recommend for you to buy is a No. B Viking, as it will do your skimming more quickly than a smaller machine and it will also take care of a herd of cows up to fifteen in number.



THE VIKING GUARANTEE

WE HEREBY unconditionally guarantee the Viking for a lifetime. We agree to give you factory service during the entire life of the separator. You can at any time return any part to us at Chicago and we will repair these parts for you free of charge, unless you agree that the fault is yours and not ours and that you should pay the cost of repairs. We guarantee that the Viking Cream Separator is one of the highest grade, finest constructed machines of its kind built. We guarantee that nothing but the very finest grades of iron and steel are used. We guarantee the workmanship to be perfect. The Viking Cream Separator is made in the largest separator factory in the world. Only skilled labor is employed.

We guarantee that the Viking will skim to a mere trace. We guarantee more capacity than is found in other separators of equal rating. We guarantee the Viking Cream Separator to run very easily. The Viking is the easiest running separator in th gmarket. We guarantee that the Viking is easy to wash and keep clean. The bowl is light weight and easy to handle. All the discs wash as one.

Cash Price 63.45

The No. B. Viking has a capacity of 155 quarts of milk per hour.

The Day Hardware Co.

CANADA FOOD BOARD License No. 8-7160

ORDER by MAIL PROMPT and RELIABLE SERVICE

"It Pays to Pay Cash"

The W. E. LORD CO. L'T'D. RED DEER. ALBERTA. AT LORD'S.

TELEPHONE SERVICE:
160 BOOTS AND SHOES, Trunks, CLOTHING and Furnishings
161 DRY GOODS, Smallwares, Fancy Goods and Novelties
162 READY-TO-WEAR, Corsets MILLINERY, Furs.
163 HARDWARE, Auto Supplies,
164 TINSHOP, Heating, Plumbing,
165 GROCERIES, Flour and Feed,
166 OFFICE, General Enquiry,
167 W. E. LORD,—Office.

We sell goods that don't come back, to customers who do come back, and the store keeps busy.

Our values are conceded the best in Central Alberta, and we invite strangers in the district to investigate this fact.

Men's Black Cotton Hose for Summer Wear

Men will find real value in our range of Black Cotton Half Hose. These lines we consider extra good value. Full sizes, well made. Will give good satisfaction to the wearer. Let us show you them. **25c, 35c and 40c per pair.**

Canvas Gloves for the Harvest Season

Now that the harvest season is at hand you will be sure to need these gloves to protect your hands. We are prepared to fill your wants with a splendid range of many different makes and styles. You will find your favorite kind here. **15c, 25c, 35c and 40c pair**

Work Gloves for Men that Stand Hard Wear

Men looking for a leather glove that will stand hard rough work should see our two special lines of Mule and Pig Skin Gloves. They will stand the rough work for handling wood and brush.
Special at $1.00 and $1.25

Boys' Wash Knickers
SPECIALLY PRICED

2 doz. only Boys' Knickers, make from good Washing Material in Plain Blue and Blue and White Stripe. To fit boys from 2 to 7 years. A splendid knicker for the holiday wear. Will wear and wash good. Regular price 75c. **Clean-up price, 59c**

Children's Overalls at 75c

We are showing a splendid line of Children's Overalls in Khaki Shade with Blue and Purple Trimming. Lovely soft mercerized cloth, will wear and wash well. Suitable for either boys or girls from 2 to 7 years. **Special 75c pair.**

Boys' Shirt Waists at Popular Prices

Our range of Boys' Shirt Waists is excellent for this season of the year. Mothers will find a good assortment of patterns and sizes. Made from good washing materials. Well made and good fitters. Sizes 11 to 14. **Priced at 75c, $1.10, $1.35.**

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Is still able to serve you with the latest in Summer Millinery for Women, Girls and Children.
Women's Panama Shapes, $3.00, $4.50 and $7.00.
Crepe Scarf Trimmings in all Shades, 45c 50c and 65c.
Women's White Wash Hats in Pique and Gabardine $1.25, $1.50
Children's Wash Hats, Pique, Ratine and Cotton, 25c to $1.50
Children's Straw Hats, Smart Mushroom Shapes, 10c
Children's Dress Hats in Silks, Tagal Braids, etc., prices up to $5.00. Clearing at Half-Price.

"INVICTUS" Shoes for Men



In view of the condition of the leather market, our Shoe Department has been more careful than ever in buying the shoes to fill the needs of our customers. Quality, more than price, has been the consideration in our buying this season, and of all the lines we have placed in stock, none can we recommend more highly than

"INVICTUS"

A pair of Invictus shoes will give more all round satisfaction than any other shoe of which we know. Priced at **$10.00, $11.00 and $12.00**



Just Dip the Brush!

It's the most satisfying occupation you ever tried. Make the old furniture gleam with newness,—bring a glow to the woodwork and a tough, long life lustre to the floors.

You can do it all easily with

Kyanize KY-AN-IZE
FLOOR FINISH
The Home Preserving Varnish

Every desirable color, eight of them, from Light Oak to Dark Mahogany, all waterproof and guaranteed not to scratch white.

For Furniture, Floors and all Woodwork

Do Your Washing the Electric Way

See the **Conner Perfection Electric Washing Machine** demonstrated in our Store, or better still, operate it in your own home to see for yourself the easy and economical way of washing.

The Conner Electric Washer is equipped with a direct worm drive electric motor, the same principle as is employed in modern automobile construction, making it smooth running.

The motor is of special design and operates both the machine and the wringer. A batch of clothes may be put through the wringer while another batch is being washed. All exposed gears and working parts are completely enclosed, assuring perfect safety. The controls are simple and easy to operate consisting of only two levers, one for the machine and one for the wringer. A wide opening in the top of the tub provides for the easy handling of the clothes.

PRICE $105.00

THE CONNER POWER WASHER will interest those who wish to use a gasoline engine. This machine is the same as the Conner Electric, and has the same smooth running qualities, and the same mechanical perfection. Equipped with flat pulley for belt drive so that it may be operated by direct engine drive or from line shaft, and includes same wringer equipment, all working parts enclosed.

PRICE $50.00

We have everything for wash-day from Clothes Pins, Clothes Lines, Wash Boards, Tubs, Hand and Power Washers, Vacuum Washers, etc., to the more efficient and easy operation of **The Electric and Gasoline Power Washers.**

FRUIT DEPARTMENT.

Bananas, per lb.	8c
Oranges, per doz.	40c, 50c, 60c
Lemons, per dozen	45c
Plums, per basket	85c
Celery, per lb.	15c
Tomatoes, hot-house, per lb.	40c

FLOUR
"Purity" or "Robin Hood"

98s	$5.50
49s	$2.80
24s	$1.45

Less for quantities.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION

The Straw Hat Shortage This Season

Is without precedent in any year, and you may have noted an absence of advertising of mid-summer hat sales everywhere.

Our stock of Panamas and other hot weather hats is fair. We have a good assortment yet, but comparatively a small stock.

A bare market has doubled and tripled the wholesale prices. Fortunately we foresaw this condition, and provided our stocks in good time, in consequence of which our prices are reasonable.

MEN'S PANAMA HATS.—Only a few genuine Panama Hats left, but they are right up to the minute in style and quality. There is nothing in the hat line that is as comfortable as a nice Panama Our prices are absolutely right on these. **$8.00, $9.50 and $12.00**

MEN'S STRAW BOATERS.—For a medium priced straw Hat we recommend these boaters as a nifty dress hat. A shape which becomes most any type of man and has every appearance of a high priced hat. Always in style.
Priced at $1.25, $1.75, $2.00, and $2.25

CHIP STRAW HATS for the man who likes comfort in a low priced hat. Never before have we had such a splendid assortment of these chip straw hats. All the new shapes, and a full range of sizes for both men and boys. Let us show you this line.
Priced at 65c, 75c, 90c, $1.50 and $1.75.

Play Boots for Boys and Girls that Wear

The healthy boy and girl today demands Footwear that are not only light and comfortable, but shoes that wear. Hurlburt Welts and Chums have this combination.
Smoked Elk Boots with Elk Soles, sizes 8 to 10½, **Price $3.25;** Sizes 11 to 2, **Price $3.75.**
Boys' Tan Mule Boots, with strong flexible soles, 1 to 5, **$3.25.**
Misses Box Calf Blucher Boots, strong flexible soles, **$4.75**
Child's Smoked Elk, Blucher Cut or Buttons, 8 to 10½, **$3.95**
4 to 7½, **$3.25**

WHITE TOP EMPRESS BOOTS



Values to $8.00, to clear at **$4.75.**
Made on Stylish Lasts, Recede Toes, with Patent Leather and Plain Vici Kid quarters. Very attractive lot, sizes 3 to 6. **$4.75**

BOUDOIR SLIPPERS

Kid and Swede Boudoir Slippers, Low Rubber Heel, made with pom-pom, Colors Black, Brown, Red, Blue, Grey and Royal Purple.
Women's, 3 to 7, Priced $2.25 to $2.75
Misses, 11 to 2, Black, $1.25.
Misses, 11 to 2, Chocolate, $1.75

DRY GOODS SECTION

Offers very attractive values, made possible only through the far-sighted buying policy of the store.
DAMASK TABLE COVERS in a nice selection of Floral designs. size 68 x 70, **$1.95.**
Irish Manufacture Cotton Damask Table Cover, 63 x 80, **$3.25**
66 x 86, **$3.95**
Linen and Cotton Damask, 64 x 76, **$4.95**
Finets Cotton Irish Manufacture Damask, 68 x 68, **$6.00**
Linen and Cotton, British Manufactured Damask, 72 x 90, **$10.00**
All Pure Linen, "Shamrock" Brand, 72 x 90, **$18.00**
Small Table Covers for breakfast table or other small table service, in assorted patterns, 54 x 54, **$1.75**
Damask Table Napkins in a splendid variety of patterns, 18 x 18, per doz. **$2.65**
Very Superior Quality of Cotton Damask, 18 x 18, per doz. **$3.35**
22 x 22, per doz. **$4.00**
Fine Cotton Irish Manufactured Damask, 22½ x 22½, per doz. **$7.50**
All Pure Linen, "Shamrock" Brand, 27 x 27, per doz. **$20.00**
Fancy Figured Batiste in Pink Floral effect, 36 inch. wide, 75c **for 49c**
Fancy Figured Voile, in Blue and Maise Effects, 27 inch., **for 19c**
Colored Cotton Foulard in fine shades in Stripes and Figures, 32 inches wide, 65c **for 49c**

BREAKFAST AND CEREALS

Rolled Oats, 20s	$1.20
Rolled Oats, 8s	60c
Wheatlets, 10s	90c
Corn Meal, 7s	50c
Krinkle Corn Flakes	10c
Dominion Corn Flakes	12½c
Kellog Corn Flakes	15c
Shredded Wheat	15c
Grape Nuts	15c
Krumbles	2 for 25c

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

WALL PAPER

SPECIAL BARGAIN:

Room Lots, Side Wall and Border, per room, $1.25, enough paper for a room 10 ft. x 12 ft.

USE MUSCRO FOR TINTING YOUR WALLS, 60c per package.

H. G. STONE

Gaetz AvenueSouth - - Red Dee r

COMMISSION HAS SUGGESTION FOR NEW CONFERENCE

EMPLOYERS AND LABOUR MEN IN WINNIPEG MAY BE BROUGHT TOGETHER.

Winnipeg, July 24.—After being in session for one hour, during which no evidence was taken, but a general discussion was entered into as to the future activities of the commission, the Robson committee investigating the causes of the Winnipeg strikers today adjourned indefinitely in order to give labor council time to prepare their case.

Commissioner Judge Robson recommended the formation of a joint commission of the labor leaders and representatives of employers to form a conference to discuss unemployment arising out of the strike.

George F. Landry, an organizer for the railway brotherhoods, who attended on behalf of labor, asked the commissioner to recommend to the government that a special counsel be appointed to act on behalf of labor. He felt that the present labor counsel, C. P. Wilson, K.C., was not as sympathetic as he might be.

Judge Robson replied that he thought that the present counsel could present any evidence labor might wish to submit in a manner satisfactory to labor.

Commenting on the present displacement in labor following the strike, Judge Robson thought that it would be a fine thing if a conference of labor leaders and employers could sit down together in a friendly spirit "and get all these men to work again."

Ernest Robinson, representing the labor interests, said that so far as the procedure of the enquiry was concerned, he had no objection to proceed with consideration of the economic causes of the strike at once. Labor did not want to prolong unduly the work of the commission. The commissioner replied that the important consideration was that the best case possible should be presented by all concerned. He recommended an indefinite adjournment until labor counsel could be fully prepared with their case.

George F. Landry said that labor had been advised by its counsel to proceed at once with nothing but the discrimination phase of the investigation because of the danger in other branches of the inquiry of prejudicing the cases of certain labor men on trial on the criminal charges.

Commissioner Robson said that in his opinion it was important that labor should be prepared with evidence to prove that the economic causes of the strike were such as to justify the strike, and to remove, if possible, the charges that there were certain other motives in calling the strike. He would, therefore, recommend that the inquiry be postponed until labor counsel felt that their case was complete.

GREAT BRITAIN HAS NO USE FOR BOLSHEVISM.

Toronto, July 24.—Major C. W. Gordon (Ralph Connor), who has just returned from overseas, in an interview here last night, said the unrest in the old land was chiefly attributed to the great increase in the cost of living, as the workers, though having had increased wages during the war, were worse off than they were before because of the advance in the cost of living.

Speaking of the general attitude of the people, the major said:

"One thing is certain, the people are determined there shall be no revolution. They have no use for Bolshevism, they are too near to Russia and other continental countries for that.

"There is also a resolve on the part of the employers and the wealthier people that the right thing shall be done by all classes. There is a tremendous sense of justice stirring the hearts of the masters that the fair thing shall be done for workers.

"I believe that Great Britain will yet show the world the way out. They have this advantage, the ablest minds in Great Britain are working on the problem: it is not in the hands of mere tyros."

DECEASED SOLDIERS' EFFECTS

One of the interesting features in the work of the Alberta Returned Soldiers' Commission has been the disposal of deceased soldiers' effects.

The Alberta battalions had in their ranks a majority of men from the British Isles. A great number of these men were unmarried, without next of kin in Canada. During the early stages of the war these men were the first to enlist. Not having relatives in Canada, they packed their civilian possessions in trunks and boxes, leaving them with friends or acquaintances until their return, but many will never return, having given their lives for the Mother Country. These trunks and boxes, in the vast majority of cases, are still in Alberta, owing to the deceased soldier not having left the address of his next of kin with the persons keeping the effects.

The records of the A.R.S.C. show some interesting cases:

The case of Pte. S——— is one in point; a trunk was left with a family in Calgary, it later being handed to the A.R.S.C. for disposal. No record of the regimental number of the deceased soldier was to be found, but on examining the trunk and its contents, a number of photographs were discovered, by a mere coincidence one was of a young lady with her name on the back of the snapshot. The picture was taken on the platform of a railway station in Scotland, and in the background of the photograph was a lamp post bearing the name of the station. A letter was immediately sent to the young lady, addressed to the town shown in the snapshot. A reply was received, giving full particulars of Pte. S——— enabling the office to dispatch the trunk, through the military authorities, to the next of kin in Scotland.

Another case of interest was that of Pte. D.: No record of a regimental number was to be found, but the trunk contained a number of letters from Blackpool, England. Three different letters were selected, each being signed by a young lady's christian name only, but fortunately the letters were headed by an address. Letters were sent to them bearing the christian name of the young lady; in all three cases replies were received giving particulars of Pte. D., sufficient to send the trunk to his mother overseas.

A similar case to that of Pte. D. was that of Pte. L.:

Upon writing to an address in England giving the Christian name only, a reply was received from the deceased soldier's sister.

Another case was that of Cpl. S., a book giving the clue. The book was apparently presented by a friend, and the fly leaf contained the giver's name and address. Through this address the effects were sent to his home in the Old Country.

The Estates Branch of the A.R.S.C. has since its inception probated approximately 1500 wills for the estates of deceased soldiers.

Persons having or knowing of effects and papers of deceased soldiers are requested to communicate with the Assistant Secretary of the A.R.S.C., 214 Beveridge Bldg., Calgary, Alta.

GRAIN CUTTING IN MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, July 25.—"Barley cutting started last Monday in the Roland, Manitoba, district I estimate the average yield at forty bushels to the acre," said T. I. Graves, cattle dealer of that district, yesterday. "Wheat is also a good crop—25 to 30 bushels to the acre—and the cutting of this grain will commence about the end of this week. There is more wheat, and possibly less barley, in our district than last year."

Mr. Groves is of the opinion that the price of beef would fall to a lower level as a result of the shortage of feed, the farmers being compelled to dispose of their stock.

Gilbert Plains, Man., July 25.—Wheat cutting started in this district yesterday, and in a few days cutting will be general in this section. The wheat will grade high.

Esterhazy, July 25.—Cutting was commenced Tuesday last on a one hundred acre field of marquis wheat. It will average about 30 bushels to the acre. The sample is good.

Cutting will commence this week on several other fields in this district.

THE NAGGER AND NAGGED

By Dorothy Dix

A few days ago a western woman shot and killed her husband, and as he was dying he gasped out with his last breath:

"I guess I pushed her too far. I nagged her too much. Women can't stand as much nagging as men can."

That will be the wife's defense—that she was nagged beyond the limit of human endurance—and it's dollars to doughnuts that the jury will bring in a verdict of justifiable homicide.

We have all suffered from the nagger, and we know from personal experience that there is no other thing on earth that raises such murderous impluses in even the most patient breast as does the continuous harping on one string by someone who is a perpetual grouch.

When you think of a man growling over his breakfast and finding fault with the coffee, and making sarcastic remarks about the bread every morning for forty years, you can but wonder how many times his wife has toyed with the idea of flavoring his eggs some day with Rough on Rats and being forever relieved of his complaints.

When you contemplate the spectacle of a man coming home day after day, through a weary eternity of matrimony, to a wife who frets at him because he doesn't make more money, and forgets to wipe his feet on the doormat, and because he smokes and musses up the sofa cushion, and who reminds him that she's told him not to do these things a million times, you know why he sits with his hands in his pockets. It's to keep from gratifying his passionate yearning to strangle her.

No. When you observe that nagging is the favorite indoor sport of so many married people, the wonder is not that occasionally a nagger gets his, or her just dessert. The marvel is that any of them escape. It shows that the stuff of which martyrs are made is not extant.

For, in all good truth, there is nothing else so hard to endure as perpetual fault-finding. It gets on our nerves and becomes an unendurable torture. The continual falling of a single drop of water on the victim's head, which was the choicest torture of the Inquisition and which no one could stand and maintain his reason.

An out-and-out sinner we can forgive and love in spite of his or her wrong-doing. We can fight, and shake hands, and still be friends. But we can have nothing but a dull and impotent loathing and resentment against the individual who can never let bygones be bygones, and who eternally reminds us of the mistake we once made, who is continually throwing our faults in our faces, and who forever holds up our weaknesses before our eyes. That is the unforgivable sin.

The western man's assertion that women cannot stand as much nagging as men is an interesting sidelight on the subject, however. Doubtless he is right, and it is to be hoped that his words will be taken to heart by men afflicted with the nagging habit.

One of the reasons why women show less stamina and staying powers under nagging than men do is because when a man is a nagger, he is a much more strenuous and forceful and efficient nagger than any woman ever is. Also as the man carries the pocket book he can put a punch into the nagging that the economically dependent wife never can.

The man who growls over his food, who berates his wife for the size of the bills and wants to know if she thinks he is made of money, who criticizes the way she raises the children, and makes fun of her clothes, and before whom she trembles like a whipped dog, is the headliner among naggers, and it is no wonder that his wife goes to pieces with nervous prostration.

Another reason that women stand nagging with less fortitude than men do is because men can escape from the nagger, whereas a woman is chained to her tormentor. She hasn't any convenient business that takes her off to different cities when she gets to the place where she has to have a respite or die. Men, likewise, have the advantage of having millions of other interests that take their minds off their worries at home, whereas a woman's work gives her all too much time to think, and to brood over the way her husband picks upon her.

It must be said in all fairness, however, that woman naggers are far more common than men naggers. It is women who have a gift for petty tyranny, and who can make your life miserable for you unless you eat the same sort of food they do, and go to their church, and give up your own habits to suit them. It is women who cannot distinguish between little things and big, and who will drive a good husband away from home by nagging him about leaving his paper on the floor, and dropping cigar ashes on the rug, until he flees to a club of peace.

And the pitiful part of it all is that the woman nagger generally nags through over-love and over-anxiety for her family. But none the less do they hate her for it.

There is no cure for nagging because no one who nags ever admits doing it. Heretofore, the only way a man or woman who was unlucky enough to marry a nagger ever got rid of the nagger was through death or divorce. Now the six-shooter has been introduced as a solution of the problem. Let us trust that it will prove an awful warning to those addicted to wife and husband baiting.

NEWS WEEKLY SERMON

By REV. GEO. D. ARMSTRONG

Instead of taking a text this week, I wish to give readers of The News a few facts concerning conditions in the Japanese Empire as reported by my brother, who, after sixteen years of missionary work in that interesting country, has returned on a furlough.

During the last seven years he has been engaged in educational work as Dean of Kwansei Gakuin College, Kobe. This institution has an enrolment of nearly 1600 students, 80 of whom are in the middle or high school, 700 in the college and about 40 are in preparation for the ministry in the Methodist church of Japan. Some years ago the national Methodist Church of Japan was organized and eventually it will become independent, adapting itself to the needs which are peculiar to Oriental life. Last year of 160 graduates one-fourth were definitely committed to consecrated Christain living, and many of the others have been deeply influenced by Christian teaching and ideals, although not yet prepared to identify themselves with a form of organized religion which is distinct from their national religion and traditions.

The effect of Christianity upon the life of Japan cannot be measured by statistics, but by its persuasive influence in the industrial, social, political and religious life of the empire.

The civilization of Japan has not been of mushroom growth, but is the result of very many influences which can be traced in a history which goes back to the seventh century before Christ.

In many respects the history of Japan bears a striking resemblance to that of the Anglo-Saxon people, and the remarkable development of the past fifty years or more since Japan was thrown open to western civilization is the culmination of centuries of preparation and of progress.

Formerly Japan was a rice-growing agricultural land, but today Japan cannot produce enough food stuffs to support her own people, and is compelled to import in order to meet the needs of a people who are rapidly developing the status of a manufacturing nation.

Japan is limited in her resources and it is very evident today that she is not in any position to menace the peace of the world. Like every nation, Japan has in her midst a military class who have won for the Japanese the undesirable title of "the Prussians of the East." This class has been responsible for the condition of things which has obtained in Korea, but it is untrue that the Japanese as a whole are dominated by the ideals of the militaristic party, and the truly democratic spirit is increasing in strength steadily.

Very fortunately the government of Japan at the beginning of the war was favorable to the cause of the Allies, and the victory of the democratic nations has made a profound impression upon Japanese thought.

COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION FOR CHILD WELFARE

It needs more than intelligent individual effort on the part of mothers and others concerned if child life is to be conserved, and the wastage of this precious national resource prevented in the future. Some things can only be secured by community action. All must co-operate sympathetically and efficiently if all the children of the community are to be properly protected. The most efficient and conscientious mother works against heavy odds if there is a laxity throughout the community with regard to such matters as cleanliness, epidemics and moral environment. The children of even the cleanest homes are never entirely safe as long as dirt and disease are allowed to harbor in any section. A slum or shack district is a menace to the whole community, and the more fortunate people who live in the more favorable surroundings often pay heavily for their selfish indifference to the well-being of those of their neighbors who are less fortunate. Social service not only brings its benefits to those served, but, very often, to those who serve. And in the sphere of child welfare it, but infrequently, proves to be a very effective means of self-protection. Children catch one another's diseases, hence the necessity for community hygiene. Disease producing germs abhor cleanliness but thrive in filth. They are soon destroyed by sunlight, but survive long in dirt, dampness and darkness. Some day our enlightened communities will insist on a maximum of cleanliness and decent living conditions. All children should have the same chance, and whatever is necessary to secure this should be the concern of all.

A large proportion of the waking hours of most growing children is spent outside the home, where they are exposed to moral as well as physical contamination. It is manifestly in the interests of all the children and homes that parents should take an intelligent interest in other children than their own, and, by united action, raise the standard of the whole physical and moral environment of childhood. Much could be done if existing agencies were better supported. There is need for very much more sympathetic co-operation between parents and the public school. The same is undoubtedly true of the Sunday school. This institution is today the most effective one we having making for the moral uplift of childhood, but with a more sympathetic backing its possibilities for increased efficiency along this line are almost limitless. The public support of the health authorities would also make for the elimination of epidemics, pure milk and water supply and sanitation. And when communities learn to appreciate, better than they do now, the paramount importance of the child, they will find time to organize for the study of the problems of childhood, and the protection and promotion of the interests of their children.

A COMEDY OF AN ATLANTIC TRANSPORT.

Vancouver World.—Through some extraordinary muddling on the part of the U.S. navy department, the 5,700 tons United States transport Federal arrived at New York recently from Antwerp "heavily laden" with one "troop"—namely, Capt. M. D. Mills, of Seattle, who had the entire ship to himself. He was met by a band in an official welcome boat in the lower bay and was greeted at the dock by five Red Cross, two Y.M.C.A. and two Knights of Columbus workers, all offering large quantities of food and tobacco.

How the ship came to make her trip in these circumstances nobody appears to understand. All her captain knows is that he received orders to sail; all that Captain Mills knows is that he was told to go in the ship.

It was not quite correct to say that he was the only passenger, for just before the Federal sailed the embarkation officers remembered a regulation which lays it down that no troops shall be sent to sea in a transport unless a representative of the quartermaster's department accompanies them. So they detailed Lieut. John Nidrof to accompany Capt. Mills.

During the voyage, in accordance with the regulations, Captain Mills summoned himself on deck every morning and called the roll, told himself that he was present and reported "all correct" to the officer of the quartermaster's department.

When the ship docked at New York she was boarded by three embarkation officers, the senior of whom asked for the officer commanding the troops aboard.

"I am the senior officer," said Capt. Mills, saluting.

"Please muster your men on deck," ordered the embarkation officer.

"I'm all present," replied Capt. Mills, saluting again. The formalities for disembarking troops were gone through, and Capt. Mills filed down the gangway and marched away.

WILL SELL OR TRADE for car, 6 head of Cattle and 2 year-old Colt. —A. Henderson. July16tf

TEACHER WANTED for Pine Hill School District, No. 551, for the fall term, commencing after the holidays. — Applications, stating salary and qualifications will be received by the secretary. Address, F. K. Johnson, sec.-treas., Red Deer R. R. No. 1. July 9-3*

STOCK FOR SALE—3 Heifers, Holsteins, 2 years old, two with calf at foot; 3 spring calves, polled Angus —Geo. Chambers, Burnt Lake. July 9-3*

RED DEER HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY EXHIBITION

TO BE HELD AT THE ARMOURIES, ON

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21st, 1919

All entries must be made to the Secretary not later than August 19th

Entries must be placed in position not later than 9 o'clock, p.m., Wednesday, August 20th.

SECTION 1

Members Only (Over 50 ft. frontage)

Class		1st	2nd	3rd
1	For the best laid out, kept and cultivated grounds, to include lawn, trees, shrubs, flowers in beds and borders, and vegetable garden	$5.00	$3.00	$2.00
2	Cultivated Lawn	5.00	3.00	2.00
3	Display of flowers in bed and borders	5.00	3.00	2.00
4	Cultivated vegetable garden	5.00	3.00	2.00

SECTION 2

Members only (Not more than 50 feet frontage)

5	For the best laid out, kept, and cultivated grounds, to include lawn, trees, shrubs, flowers in beds and borders and vegetable garden	5.00	3.00	2.00
6	Cultivated Lawn	5.00	3.00	2.00
7	Display of flowers in beds and borders	5.00	3.00	2.00
8	Cultivated vegetable garden	5.00	3.00	2.00

SECTION 3

Vacant Lot or Vacant Ground Competition

9	Vegetable garden, new breaking	5.00	3.00	2.00
10	Vegetable garden previously cultivated, open only to non-members of the Red Deer Horticultural Society, 1918	5.00	3.00	2.00

No entries or entry fees are necessary in this section if the lot has been procured through, or with the knowledge of, the Vacant Lot Committee of the Society and City Council. If otherwise, or if you wish to make sure that your lot will be judged, notify Mr. E. S. Hogg, at the Court House, by August 9. The judging will start on August 10.

SECTION 4

11	Pair of window boxes, filled with variety of flowering plants	$2	$1	50c
12	Row of Sweet Peas, not less than 15 feet long	$2	$1	50c
13	Best exhibit of seed bearing Sunflowers in a garden	$2	$1	50c
14	Flower bed or border, girls or boys under 15	$2	$1	50c
15	Special for children—Composite garden—Vegetables, flowers, trees, etc. Competitor may be a child under 15 years, the member of a family under the age of 14, or a school	$2	$1	50c

Open to children of the following School Districts: The City of Red Deer and North Red Deer.

SECTION 5

Cut Flowers—Amateurs only

Class		1st	2nd
16	Basket of Flowers	$1.50	$1.00
17	Bouquet of garden flowers, tied not less than 7 inches in diameter	1.50	1.00
18	Bouquet of wild flowers, not less than 7 inches in diameter	1.50	1.00
19	Bouquet of wild flowers, not less than 7 inches in diameter	1.50	1.00
20	Six Asters	1.00	.75
21	Twelve Asters, not less than four distinct colors	1.50	1.00
22	Collection of Pansies, not less than 18 and six distinct colors	1.50	1.00
23	Six Zinnias	.75	.50
24	Six French Marigolds	.75	.50
25	Six African Marigolds	.75	.50
26	Collection of Pinks	.75	.50
27	Six Carnations, outdoor grown	1.00	.75
28	Six Dahlias	1.50	1.00
29	Three Gladiolus	1.50	1.00
30	Three Roses, outdoor grown	1.50	1.00
31	Six Spikes Stocks	1.50	1.00

		1st	2nd	3rd
32	Six bunches of Sweet Peas, 12 spikes in each	$2.00	$1.50	$1.00
33	Six bunches of Sweet Peas, six spikes in each and distinct	1.50	1.00	.75
34	Most artistic bouquet of Sweet Peas, tied	1.50	1.00	.75

Section 5 continued.

		1st	2nd	3rd
35	Most artistic bouquet of Sweet Peas, loose	1.50	1.00	.75
36	Six Phlox Drummondi	1.00	.75	.50
37	Collection of Verbenas, not more than six spikes	1.50	1.00	.57
38	Six Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) spikes	1.25	.75	.50
			1st	2nd
39	Collection of Nasturtiums		1.00	.75
40	Collection of Canterbury Bells, 3 spikes each		1.00	.75
41	Collection of Larkspur, 3 spikes each		1.00	.75
42	Six Bunches of Annuals, dissimilar, not more than six spikes of one kind		1.50	1.00
43	Six bunches of Perenials, dissimilar, not more than 6 spikes of one kind		1.50	1.00
44	Collection of garden flowers, named, of varieties not previously specified		1.50	1.00

SECTION 6

Plants in Pots (Amaturs only).

Class		1st	2nd
45	Six Plants, flowering only, in bloom	$4.00	$2.50
46	Six plants, foliage only	4.00	2.50
47	Collection of ferns	3.00	2.00
48	One Coleus	1.25	1.00
49	One Primula	1.25	1.00
50	One Cyclamen	1.25	1.00
51	One Begonia, Rex	1.25	1.00
52	One Begonia, tuberous	1.25	1.00
53	One Begonia, fibrous rooted, flowering	1.25	1.00
54	One Begonia, fibrous rooted, foliage	1.25	1.00
55	One Campanula (Star of Bethlehem)	1.25	1.00
56	One Pelargonium	1.25	1.00
57	One Geranium, variegated leaves	1.25	1.00
58	One Geranium, ivy leaved, in bloom	1.25	1.00
59	One Geranium, single flowered, in bloom	1.25	1.00
60	One Geranium, double flowered, in bloom	1.25	1.00
61	One Geranium, any other variety, in bloom	1.25	1.00
62	One Fuchsia, in bloom, single	1.25	1.00
63	One Fuchsia, in bloom, double	1.25	1.00
64	One Palm	1.25	1.00
65	One Oleander, in bloom	1.25	1.00
66	One Hydrangea, in bloom	1.25	1.00
67	One Rose, in bloom	1.25	1.00
68	One Lily	1.25	1.00
69	One Maiden Hair Fern	1.25	1.00
70	One Boston Fern	1.25	1.00
71	One Asparagus, Plumosus	1.25	1.00
72	One Asparagus, Sphrengerii	1.25	1.00
73	One Fern, any other variety	1.25	1.00
74	One Double Petunia, in bloom	1.25	1.00
75	Specimen of foliage plant, any variety	1.25	1.00
76	Specimen of flowering plant, any variety	1.25	1.00
77	One plant, any other variety	1.25	1.00
78	Hanging basket of plants	1.50	1.00

SECTION 7

Fruits (Amateurs only)

Class		1st	2nd
79	Six Crab Apples	$1.00	$.75
80	Twenty-four Gooseberries, cultivated	1.00	.75
81	Half pint Black Currants	1.00	.75
82	Half pint Red Currants	1.00	.75
83	Half pint White Currants	1.00	.75
84	Half pint Red Raspberries, cultivated	1.00	.75
85	Half pint White, Black or Yellow Raspberries	1.00	.75
86	Collection of Cultivated Fruits	3.00	2.00
87	Collection of Wild Fruits and Nuts, exhibited on the wood. This collection must include sample of plant with fruit thereon, if possible. If season for fruit is over, the latter must be exhibited as a preserve	3.00	2.00
88	Half pint of Strawberries	1.00	.75

SECTION 8

Vegetables (Amateurs only)

Class		1st	2nd
89	Twelve Pods of Dwarf Beans, green	$1.00	$.75
90	Twelve Pods of Dwarf Beans, yellow	1.00	.75
91	Twelve Pods of Runner Beans	1.00	.75
92	Twelve Pods of Broad Beans	1.00	.75
93	Twelve Pods of Peas, long	1.00	.75
94	Twelve Pods of Peas, short	1.00	.75

		1st	2nd	3rd
95	Two heads of Cauliflower	$1.00	$.75	
96	Two heads of Conical Cabbage	1.00	.75	.50
97	Two heads of round Cabbage	1.00	.75	.50

		1st	2nd
98	Two heads of red Cabbage	1.00	.75
99	Two Savoys	1.00	.75
100	Two heads of Brussels Sprouts	1.00	.75

		1st	2nd	3rd
101	Six roots of Carrots, short stump rooted	$1.00	$.75	$.50
102	Six roots Carrots, intermediate	1.00	.75	.50
103	Six roots of Carrots, long	1.00	.75	.50

		1st	2nd	
104	Twelve roots of Radish	1.00	.75	
105	Four heads of Celery, yellow	1.00	.75	
106	Four Heads of Celery, white	1.00	.75	
107	Four heads of Celery, red	1.00	.75	
108	Six Onions, from seed, yellow	1.00	.75	
109	Six Onions from seed, red	1.00	.75	
110	Six Onions from seed, brown	1.00	.75	
111	Six Onions from seed, any other color	1.00	.75	
112	One pint Pickling Onions	1.00	.75	
113	Six Onions from sets	.75	.50	
114	Six clusters of Shallots	.75	.50	
115	Six Leeks	.75	.50	
116	Two Vegetable Marrows	.75	.50	
117	Two Squash	.75	.50	
118	Two Pumpkins	.75	.50	
119	Two Cucumbers, ridge	.75	.50	
120	Two Cucumbers, frame	1.00	.75	
121	Six Stalks of Rhubarb	.75	.50	
122	Four Green Tomatoes	.75	.50	
123	Four Ripe Tomatoes	1.25	.75	
124	Three Beets, long	.75	.50	
125	Three Beets, round	.75	.50	
126	Six Parsnips, long	.75	.50	
127	Six Parsnips, short	.75	.50	
128	Six cobs of Corn, sweet	1.00	.75	
129	Six cobs of Corn, squaw	1.00	.75	
130	Three garden Turnips, white	.75	.50	
131	Three garden Turnips, yellow	.75	.50	
132	Three Swede Turnips	.75	.50	
133	Six round Potatoes, white	1.25	.75	
134	Six round Potatoes, colored	1.25	.75	
135	Six Kidney Potatoes, white	1.25	.75	
136	Six Kidney Potatoes, colored	1.25	.75	
137	Collection of Potatoes, named, 4 of each	2.00	1.50	
139	Three Lettuce, any variety	.75	.50	
140	Plate of cooked Potatoes	1.25	.75	.50
141	Collection of Vegetables	$5.00	$3.00	$2.00

SECTION 9

For Children

Class		1st	2nd	3rd
142	One Geranium, single	$.75	$.50	$.25
143	One Geranium, double	.75	.50	.25
144	One Fuschia, single	.75	.50	.25
145	One Fuschia, double	.75	.50	.25
146	One Coleus	.75	.50	.25
147	One foliage Plant, any other variety	.75	.50	.25
148	One flowering plant, any other variety	.75	.50	.25
149	Six Stocks	.75	.50	.25
150	Six Asters	.75	.50	.25
151	Twelve spikes of Sweet Peas	.75	.50	.25
152	Bouquet of garden flowers, tied	1.00	.75	.50
153	Basket of Garden Flowers	1.00	.75	.50
154	Bouquet of wild flowers, tied	1.00	.75	.50
155	By the Alberta Natural History Society for the best collection of Pressed Leaves of Alberta Trees not to include weeds or flowers open to all school children	2.50	1.50	1.00

N.B.—Exhibitors must be under fifteen years of age. The exhibits must be the bona-fide work or culture of the exhibitors.

MATERNITY NURSING. — Having taken a course in the Scottish Nursing Home, Calgary, I am prepared to receive patients at my own residence, 204, 2nd Ave., east, where the best care possible can be guaranteed.—Mrs. C. W. Wright, Phone 102, P.O. box 548, Red Deer. Nov. 20-tf

PLASTERING.—C. Huget is open for Contracts in the Plastering line. Over twenty years experience. All work guaranteed. Your patronage solicited.—Residence, 157, 2nd St., South. Mar. 19-tf

VETERANS' SCHOOL OF MUSIC
RED DEER, ALBERTA.

Pupils enrolled from 14 years upwards. Instruction given on all band instruments. Affiliation form and particulars may be had from H. C. Bright, bandmaster, Armouries, Red Deer.

FOR SALE.—Good market Garden with nine roomed house and outbuildings.—Apply to News office. June 25-tf

WANTED.—Live Chickens, 13c per lb.—Apply S. Wilson, Alberta Meat Market. Apr. 9-tf

NOTICE

Having purchased Geo. Chapman's interest in the Feed Barn on Gaetz Ave., South, we solicit a continuance of public patronage.

A supply of first class wood always on hand at reasonable prices.

KIDWELL BROS.

CREAM SHIPPERS.

For Results try

CENTRAL CREAMERIES, LTD.

Cash on Delivery for Cream and Eggs.

T. B. RUTTER, Manager.

22, Ross Street.

VISIT
SANDY COVE HOTEL
PINE LAKE.

Dance every Saturday and Wednesday night for the rest of the season Polished oak floor.

NASH & BURNETT, Props.

JOHN REID, Shoemaker,

Has removed his shop to one door west of J. C. Brazier's Store, where he hopes to see all his old customers.

Repair Work a Specialty.

A guarantee of good service goes with all work.

Remember the place:

One door west of Brazier's, ROSS STREET.

Phone 27. P. O. Box 395.

CASTLE & REED

Contractors and Builders.

Plumbers. Plumbing Repairs

210, Gaetz Ave., North.

Residence—Phone 342.

FARM LISTINGS WANTED

We wish to announce that we are opening up an office for the handling of farm lands, and would be pleased to have a listing of any lands you have for sale. We have had considerable experience in farming in this district, and believe we can give you good service. Send or bring in your listing now.

JOHN ROSS & CO.
Gaetz Ave. North
The Chevrolet Service Station.

DR. DeVAN'S FEMALE PILLS Reliable monthly medicine for all Female Complaint. $5 a box, or three for $10, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCORELL DRUG Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN Restores Vim and Vitality; for Nerve and Brain Increases "grey matter." a Tonic—will build you up. $5 a box, or two for $9, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCORELL DRUG Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

THE
RED DEER SHOE SHOP
GENERAL REPAIRING

I mend all kinds of Boots and Shoes. Mail orders promptly Executed.

Camille Rovers

Second St., S.E. P.O. Box 412.

GERMANY'S LITTLE LIVESTOCK BILL

Paris, July 23.—Germany will have to surrender to France 500 stallions, 3,000 fillies, 90,000 milch cows, 100,000 sheep and 10,000 goats, according to a report made to the French peace commission sitting under the presidency of Rene Vivani, by M. Dubois, economic expert for the commission, in commenting on the peace treaty clauses.

Two hundred stallions, 5,000 mares, 5,000 fillies, 50,000 cows and 4,000 heifers are to be made monthly during a period of three months until completed.

ALBERTA FAIR DATES

Below we give a list of the more important summer and fall fairs in Alberta in 1919, as well as those in territory adjoining our own district:

Stettler—August 7, 8, 9.
Coronation—August 12, 13.
Castor—August 14, 15.
Dayaland—August 12, 13.
Hays (Lousana)—Sept. 10, 11.
Leduc—Sept. 16, 17.
Innisfail—Sept. 17, 18.
Bowden—Sept. 19.
Olds—Sept. 23, 24.
Didsbury—Sept. 25, 26.
Milnerton—Sept. 30.
Trochu—October 2, 3.
Rocky Mount. House—Sept. 22, 23

NEW RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Commencing on Sunday, June 1st, the train service at Red Deer will be as follows, C.P.R. time :

SOUTHBOUND.

Arrive	Leave
Train 522—10.45 a.m.	10.55 a.m. daily
Train 524— 4.30 p.m.	4.35 d ex Sun.
Train 526— 3.50 a.m.	3.55 a.m. daily

NORTHBOUND

Train 521—11.20 a.m.	11.30 d ex Sun.
Train 523 6.00 p.m.	6.05 p.m. daily
Train 525— 3.20 a.m.	3.30 a.m. daily

ALBERTA CENTRAL.

614—West, Mon. Wed. Fri. lv. 1.30 pm
613—East, Tue, Thur, Sat. ar. 10.15 am

THE GREAT WAR VETERANS' ASSOCIATION OF CANADA.
Red Deer District

Chas. Sinclair, Secretary Treasurer
Offices—Armouries, Red Deer
Phone 326 P.O. Box 710

Regular office hours: 10 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. on week days; Saturdays 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Any urgent business will be gladly attended to at any time.

The Secretary's services are at the disposal of any returned soldiers or dependents desiring information and help on Land Settlement, Pensions, War Gratuity, etc. Returned soldiers and their dependents welcome at any time at the Armouries.

BRUNT & McCUNE,

The Farmers' Auctioneers.
Farm Sales a Specialty

See us before listing your sales, we will both save and make you money.
Address—Box 653, Red Deer.

A. G. BRUNT. A. D. McCUNE.

C. T. ELINE

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR

Estimates Cheerfully Given

Address—

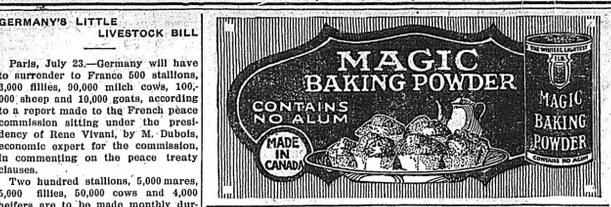
P.O. Box 374 or Phone 326

Plumbing and Heating

Having had fifteen years' experience as a Master Plumber in Calgary, I can guarantee you satisfaction in any work you may entrust to my care.

You work solicited.

N. M. Burnett
at
W. E. LORD Co.'s, Ltd.



JOHNSON SPENT SMALL FORTUNE

"COMPLETELY FAILED TO GET END OF MY TROUBLES UNTIL I FOUND TANLAC," HE SAYS.

"I spent a small fortune trying to get rid of my troubles and had completely failed until I found Tanlac," said William Johnson, who lives at 127th Avenue and 146th street, Edmonton, in a recent interview. He is known by his friends as "Bill" Johnson, and has made Edmonton his home for the past four years, and prior to that Mr. Johnson lived at Three Hills, Alberta, and was engaged in farming.

"About a year ago," he continued, "my stomach went back on me, and after every meal I would suffer from indigestion and other troubles. I finally reached the place where I just dreaded to go to the table, for nearly everything I would eat soon soured and caused cutting pains in my stomach. I had no appetite to speak of, and the little I did eat just seemed to lie in my stomach in an undigested condition, and the gas that would form from it would get in my throat and around my heart, almost cutting off my breath, and my heart would flutter and pain me just as if I had heart trouble. I was more afraid of eating something heavy for supper than any other meal, for many a night I would lie on my stomach with pillows under it to get a little ease from the pains that would almost draw me double. I also suffered with severe headaches and dizzy spells, and when one of these spells would come on me I would have to grab hold of something to keep from falling. I was extremely nervous, and in such bad shape in every way that I couldn't get any sound sleep at all, and when I would get up in the morning I would not only have a disagreeable taste in my mouth but was so sluggish and exhausted I could hardly drag myself round.

Soon after I started taking Tanlac, I began to feel better and my appetite came back to me. Then I was convinced that Tanlac would build me up if I stuck to it. I have only taken a few bottles now, and I am not only glad to see meal time come, but I can go to the table and eat anything I want without having indigestion or pains in my stomach. I never suffer from shortness of breath or trouble around my heart. I haven't had a headache or a dizzy spell in a long time, and in fact I feel just like a new man in every way, and can work hard all day, and when I lie down at night I sleep like I did when I was a boy. Since taking Tanlac I have not only gained several pounds in weight, but I feel as if it had added years to my life, and I never miss an opportunity to tell my friends about this great medicine."

Tanlac is sold in Red Deer by Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co., in Stettler by Palace Pharmacy, Ltd., in Eckville by Eckville Drug Co., in Veteran by Veteran Drug Store, and in Delburne by E. J. Hogge.

FARMER CUTTING WHEAT AT BRANDON HILLS

Brandon, Man., July 23.—Robt. Roddick, farmer, of Brandon Hills, is cutting wheat. He commenced on the field on Tuesday that was sown on April 15. He declares it is the finest crop since 1914.

It is 30 years since wheat was cut in this particular district during July. Wheat fields in the Assiniboine river valley are ripening fast.

ENGAGING TEACHERS

The Public School Board held two special meetings on July 11 and July 21. Messrs. Gaetz, chairman; Payne, Parsons and Stephenson were present at the first meeting, and Messrs. Gaetz, chairman; Stephenson, Parsons, and Welton, secretary, at the second meeting. The business was the selection of teachers.

On Miss Goudie's resignation, the Board expressed its regret that Miss Goudie could not see her way clear to accept re-engagement and that, under the circumstances, the Board accept her resignation with regret. Miss Goudie considered her new salary inadequate as compared with that of the new Principal.

The Board decided to offer engagement to two applicants for positions on the staff of the Public School at $800.00 each, and to advertise for two High School teachers at $1650 and $1300.

At the second meeting, Miss Etta Smith and Mrs. Dawe (music) accepted re-engagement, and Miss Gladys Dynes resigned to accept appointment on the Calgary Public School staff.

Miss Cole wrote, in reply to the Board's offer of $875, asking, before answering definitely, if that was the Board's estimate of the value of her services to the School. During the five years she was working in the school, she did extra work along some lines every year without either recognition or extra pay. It was decided to withdraw the offer of re-engagement of Miss Cole.

Ex-Principal Locke was authorized to order 36 gents from E. N. Moyer & Co., Edmonton.

Miss Ruby Yates, of Stratford, Ont., and now at Red Deer, accepted engagement on the Public School staff at $800.

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY
KINGSTON, ONTARIO

ARTS
Part of the Arts course may be covered by correspondence.
MEDICINE EDUCATION
APPLIED SCIENCE
Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering
SUMMER SCHOOL July and August
NAVIGATION SCHOOL December to April
26 GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar.

HIGH SCHOOL INSPECTOR'S REPORT

Speaks Highly of Staff — New Developments Needed

The following report from High School Inspector Smith was presented at a recent meeting of the Public School Board:—

School Accommodation, Equipment and Future Expansion

As in many other towns and cities of the Province, your Board is confronted with the problems of providing more school accommodation and of making some of these schools already constructed meet more helpfully the educational and hygienic demands of school life. The building in use at the present time for High School work is in much poor repair and so poorly constructed from the standpoint of proper standards of schoolhouse construction and sanitation that the Board should have under consideration the construction of a High School building of modern type. I have been encouraged to believe that this will be done as soon as the financial condition of the district will justify the Board in taking this step. In the meantime, it would be unwise to incur much expenditure in meeting the deficiencies of the old building. The janitor work is done carefully and faithfully. The rooms are kept as clean and attractive as is possible in this building. The general equipment is in a fair state of repair and quite adequate for present needs. About a half dozen sets of apparatus for the simpler experiments in physical science and chemistry should be provided for the students' use. A valuable part of the training in these subjects is lost if an opportunity for individual or group experimental work is denied the students. In the future it is hoped that your High School will be called upon to exercise a wider influence in your community and that the responsibility of secondary education will be greatly increased. The basis of secondary education, I hope, will be determined more by the needs of the society to be served and the character of the individuals to be educated. The public high school must become to an ever increasing extent the efficient director and constructive agent of society and we must realize that there are many avenues over which the student may travel in order to become finally a cultured and serviceable citizen. Your Board should therefore be prepared to make provision for the educational needs of boys and girls with different interests and different capacities.

The Department of Education, through very liberal grants, is encouraging the introduction of Manual Training and Household Science in the town schools of the Province. Since the work in these subjects in each town would not take the full time of a teacher, the Department is encouraging two or three towns to unite for this important work. According to the recent amendments of the Grants Act, the Government will pay fifty per cent of the salaries and transportation expenses up to a maximum grant of $2,000. Also fifty per cent of the new equipment up to a maximum grant of $1,000 Inspector Boyce and myself discussed this matter fully with your Board and it was decided that your Board enlist the co-operation of the Board in Lacombe in the introduction of this work in the two schools. The general High School grant has also been materially increased. Where provision is made for the education of non-resident students in a High School and where the number of teachers in the school district amounts to $3.00 per teacher per trlet exceeds twelve, the High School teaching day. These liberal grants have been given with the expectation of improved conditions and liberal expansion in High School work.

Work in the Class Rooms

I could not fail to notice the splendid attitude of the students to their work and their orderly and courteous conduct in the class rooms. The students did their part in helping the teachers maintain an atmosphere of industry and enthusiasm in the different rooms and in placing the general discipline and tone of the school on a high plane.

Miss Goudie's Classes

Art—IX and X:

I was very well pleased both with the amount of work done and the quality of work. The pen and ink work was exceptionally good. The art work done in your school compares very favorably with that of the city schools.

Arithemetic—IX:

The class showed some weakness in mechanical work. Evidently the class did not hilve sufficient drill in rapid and accurate mechanical work before being promoted to this grade. A fair showing was made in written problem work.

Zoology—X:

Miss Goudie has aroused a healthy interest and enthusiasm in this subject. Close observation and wide reading have been encouraged and the subject is made of real interest to the student. Miss Goudie has a natural attitude for handling this work.

History—IX:

The class seems to have a good grasp of the work. Through wide reading Miss Goudie is able to supplement the subject matter of the text in an interesting manner. These students are developing a taste for History reading

Grammar—IX:

The formal side of the work is possibly too strongly emphasized.

Miss Goudie has many strong points as a teacher. She is very thorough and exacting in every detail of her work. There is no place in her class room for the student with careless habits and indifferent application. She is very methodical and logical in her teaching. The content of her lessons is well organized and impressively presented. Her aggressiveness, natural ability, strong personality and sincerity will always make her a valuable teacher in any school. She is a strict disciplinarian.

Miss Nelson's Classes

Composition—IX, XI, XII:

A gradual and most marked improvement was noticeable through the Grades from IX to XII. The work of XII was of a very high standard. Not a few students of IX carried with them from the Public School a weak foundation in this subject.

History—XI:

Good results attained and efficiently handled by Miss Nelson.

I also observed the work in Literature of Grades XI and XII, and was quite well satisfied with the progress made and the interest shown by the students in this subject.

Miss Nelson has been giving very close application to her work. It would be difficult to find a more sincere and conscientious teacher. Her work is organized on a very sound basis and much time and forethought is given to her daily duties. Her lessons from the standpoint of methods, content and presentation were satisfactory. She manages and disciplines her classes with ease.

Mr. Locke's Classes

I observed the work of Mr. Locke's classes in the following subjects: Physical Science (X, XI), Geometry (IX, X, XI, XII), Algebra (X, XIV), and Chemistry (XI). This work of the four grades impressed me favorably, but the work of XII deserves special commendation. The majority of the students of this class have outstanding ability and excellent application. The high standard of work in the above subjects is the result of patient, careful and thorough teaching.

Much credit is due Mr. Locke for his careful and sane administration of your school. The general organization is on a sound basis. He encourages and directs with the help of his assistants many school activities whose educational value cannot be overestimated. His refined and gentlemanly manner in dealing with the girls and boys has a good influence in the school. In the class room his work is of a high standard. He is very successful in getting from his students their best efforts.

I was much pleased to find that your Board realizes fully that Physical Training is an important factor in education. In too many of our towns the students are leaving the High School with their powers for motor activity in many directions either dormant or practically atrophied. Such neglect must leave its effect not alone on the physical soundness of the student but also on the full working of their mental capacities. Your well-equipped playgrounds provide the most wholesome exercise for both boys and girls.

Your obedient servant,
J. A. SMITH,
High School Inspector.

—:o:—

BIG POLITICAL TURNOVER SHOWN IN P.E.I. VOTING

LIBERALS WON 26 SEATS OUT OF 30 IN ELECTIONS ON THURSDAY.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., July 25.—Liberals swept the province in the general elections yesterday, capturing 26 seats out of thirty.

The only Conservative survivors of the debacle were Hon. A. E. Arsenault, premier; Hon. James A. McNeill, commissioner of public works, and H. F. Murdock Kennedy, and J. D. Stewart.

This was the most one-sided election since confederation with the exception of 1911, when the Liberals won only two seats. When the house dissolved the parties stood: Conservatives, 18; Liberals, 11; and one seat vacant.

Such a sweeping victory was unexpected by both sides, although the result of the federal elections, when four Liberals got a majority of home votes, afterwards changed by the soldiers' votes, foreshadowed a Conservative defeat. The returned soldiers did not take an active part in the contest, but it is evident that a majority voted Liberal. Fine weather brought out a large vote. There was a big turnover in Charlottetown, the Liberals capturing both seats by large majorities, labor going with the opposition.

Dissatisfaction with the administration of the public works department, especially the neglect of the roads, with the administration of the agricultural department and with the proposal of the government to levy additional taxation told against the Conservatives. People also looked with disfavor upon the highway bill, fearing that payment of the six per cent asked for by the federal government would be too heavy a burden.

Complete returns of the elections show 26 Liberals and 4 Conservatives returned. Both leaders, Premier Arsenault and J. H. Bell, were elected.

McKinnon, commissioner of agriculture, was defeated.

The Liberals, elected are; Bell, Lee, Gallant, Metherall, Saunders, Dennis, McLean, McArthur, Crosby, Hughes, Lepage, Brodie, D. MacDonald, Nash, Irving, Higgs, Duffy, D. C. MacDonald, Acorn, Cox, McIntyre, Johnstone, Dewar, Sutherland, Butler, and Hessian.

LAND SETTLEMENT FOR BRITISH SOLDIERS

1,000,000 Former Imperial Soldiers Planning to Leave for Overseas Dominions.

Toronto, Ont., July 23.—When passing through this city en route to Calgary, Christopher Turner, of England, who is in this country for the purpose of investigating the Union Government's land settlement plans for imperial soldiers, said that there are 1,000,000 former soldiers of the imperial forces in England who are planning to leave for one of the overseas dominions within the next two years to engage in farm work, and declared that there is immediate need on the part of the government of Canada of strong effort to attract the greater part of these men to the Dominion.

Speaking of the land settlement of the British empire, Mr. Turner said: "It is appalling that out of about 60,000,000 white population, only about 13,000,000 are on the land, while Germany, one-sixty-fourth as large as the British Empire, has 22,000,000 on the land, and France 18,000,000." In order to remedy this condition of affairs, he explained that there is being formed in England a ministry of emigration, whose duty it will be to settle as many as possible on the lands of Great Britain and create a steady surplus of landtilling countrymen who will be encouraged to come to Canada and other dominions. These men, he said, would probably settle in communities of about 150, the plan most attractive to the former soldier being a small holding with sufficient capital to operate it.

A HORSE KNOWS



When his comfort is considered and shows it in his work.

Give him a chance—protect him these hot days from the troublesome flies by using

LEATHER NOSE NETS FLY OIL
WIRE NOSE GUARDS COW EASE

The cost is trifling compared to the comfort given Try Cow Ease on your milk cows.

JARVIS-GOODEY HARNESS COMPANY
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SOLE AGENCY OF THE CELEBRATED EMPIRE WALL PAPERS

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PAINTER AND DECORATOR
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One door North of the Western General Offices.
Our Motto - Promptness, Courtesy and Square Deal

Monarch Gasoline 45c - Special Rate by Barrel

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Generators Electric Starters
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OF ANY MAKE REPAIRED

No need to ship these out. Send or bring them to us

Free water and test for your batteries as often as you like.

LIVERY—24-HOUR SERVICE

FAMOUS
Gourlay Pianos

Melotone Talking Machines and New Furniture : :

N. WHITE - Auctioneer

TAKES pleasure in announcing that he has secured the building lately occupied by The Smith Land Co. (opposite his present Store on Ross Street), for the display of the popular Gourlay Pianos, and has engaged an accomplished pianist who will be pleased to demonstrate the splendid tone and superb finish of these high class instruments.

For Secondhand Furniture and other goods, call at the present store on Ross Street.

Opening Day for New Store
AUGUST 1st

HEAR THE GOURLAY PIANO AT THE CHAUTAUQUA CONCERTS

Supplied by N. WHITE, Agent.

For Preserving

Mrs. Price's Canning Powders for fruit and vegetables. Price 10c a packet.

Fruit Jar Rings. New fresh stock. 3 doz. for 25c.

Parowax for sealing Jellies and Preserves. 25c a lb.

Swat the Fly Fly Swatters, 10c; Insect Powder, finest, $1.00 lb.; Keatings Powder, 15c, 25c, 40c; Wilson's Fly Pads, 10c; Tanglefoot, 3 for 10c; Fly Hangers, 3 for 10c.

Disinfect Lysol Disinfecting Powder, 25c; Chloride of Lime, 20c; KAG, 10c; Lysol, in original bottles, 25c; Kreso, the Disinfectant, 35c; Fecto, the Germicide, 35c.

Enos Fruit Salt Once more in stock—$1.00

Palm Olive Soap Special, 2 for 25c, and 1 cake Lavender Bath Soap Free.

Paradis Toilet Articles Paradis Talcum, flesh or white, 50c; Paradis Cold Cream, 60c; Paradis Dry Cream, 60c; Paradis Massage Cream, 50c; Paradis Toilet Water, $1.25; Paradis Face Powder, $1.00

Auto-Stop Safety Razors The best safety razor without a doubt. Sold on 30 days' trial. If you don't like it, you don't keep it. Price $5.00

Kodak Time We have a full line of Kodaks and Brownie Cameras. Films and Papers.

THE Rexall STORE

The Quality Drug Store

THE GAETZ-CORNETT DRUG & BOOK CO.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

WANTED—A man or woman cook for restaurant in Penhold.—Apply Box 219, Penhold. July 22, 3w*

RANGE FOR SALE.—Clare Bros. make. Reservoir, large oven, all in good order.—Phone 171. Jul-16-4*

WANTED a thoroughly competent maid. Good wages.—Apply to Mrs. W. S. Hall, Gaetz Avenue South. July 23-3

WANTED—Teacher for S. D. 686, Waskasoo, 4 miles from Red Deer. Apply to M. P. McCall, Sec'y.-Treas., Red Deer. July 16, 3w.

FOR SALE.—Two secondhand Hay Rakes, one Mower, and one Sweep. G. W. Ball, Red Deer. July 23

FOR SALE.—A team of Geldings, about 1500 lbs. Good general purpose team. Will sell cheap for cash or exchange for cattle.—G. W. Ball, Red Deer. July 23

SHEEP FOR SALE—A choice bunch of high grade Shropshire ewes and lambs for sale. Apply The News, Red Deer. July 16, 3w*

ADVERTISEMENT.

MORTGAGE SALE OF PROPERTY

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale provided by the Land Titles Act and Amendments thereto under a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Sheriff's office, in the City of Red Deer, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 16th day of August, A.D. 1919, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely: the Northwest quarter of Section 36, in Township 39, Range 7, West of the 5th Meridian, in the Province of Alberta.

The property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid and free from all encumbrances, save the reservations in the existing Certificate of Title and the taxes for the current year.

Terms of sale to be ten per cent cash at the time of sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendor's solicitors.

The Vendor is informed that the improvements on this property are as follows: Log House, 20 x 14; log barn (only partly completed); log bath house; about 70 acres are fenced; the soil is good quality, and about 10 acres has been under cultivation. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

Dated at Red Deer, Alberta, this 8th day of July, 1919.

PAYNE & GRAHAM,
Solicitors for Vendor.

Approved:
"H. J. DAWSON,"
Registrar
July 21-3

NOTICE.

W. J. Thompson, Red Deer, has forbidden anyone to give credit or goods to Mrs. Thompson on his account, as he will not be responsible for any debts incurred by her hereafter, for she does not realize the benefits of a home.

W. J. THOMPSON.
July 23-2*

NOTICE.

Al plersons having accounts against the Red Deer Agricultural Society, are requested to send same at once to the Secretary, J. E. Welton, Box 504, Red Deer, and oblige. All accounts should be in the hands of the secretary before Friday, July 25th.

J. E. WELTON,
Secretary.

LYRIC THEATRE

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

OLD BILL

and his two pals

BERT AND ALF

IN

"THE BETTER 'OLE"

"The Better 'Ole" is the first motion picture to show the typical everyday life of the boys who fought four long years in France. Pathos and humor follow each other in quick succession—A tear hardly starts down your cheek before it is dried up by laughter.

TWO DAYS ONLY

Prices: Adults 50c, Children 25c.

Time: 8 and 9.30

Local and District Intelligence

Pianos tuned—J. E. Welton.

Rev. J. J. Meek is visiting at the coast.

Mrs. J. B. Risk is visiting her sister at Chase, B.C.

The place to buy good boots cheap. —Red Deer Trading Co.

Dr. Parsons is on a visit to Ontario accompanied by his two boys.

Mrs. G. E. Jacques, Calgary, is visiting her son in the city.

A. Reay, Valley Centre, has returned from an extended visit to B.C.

Miss Mina Cole has accepted a position on the Normal School staff at Camrose.

If you have any property to sell, list it with the J. Malcolm Co. They sell farm lands.

Miss Wiles, of Vancouver, is holidaying with Mrs. Geo. H. Lindsay at Sylvan Lake.

Mrs. T. M. Haig, Claresholm, was visiting her sister, Mrs. John McMillan last week.

Miss Margaret Fisher, of Winnipeg, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Galbraith last week.

Mrs Reed, Mrs. Halligan, E. J. and Mrs. Edgington left for Victoria, B.C., on Wednesday last.

J. G. Fulton is enjoying a month's trip to eastern cities, Mrs. Fulton has been in the east for some time.

Doctor and Mrs. John Collison and Master David left last Saturday for a couple of weeks' visit to the coast.

Miss Rosie Krause accompanied her mother to Rochester, Minn., where the latter is under treatment at Mayo Bros. hospital.

Don't forget the Veterans' popular dances at the Armouries every Saturday night. Dancing 9 to 12. Admission, Gents., 50c.; Ladies, 25c.

Mrs. (Dr.) Henry George left for the coast on Friday last with her mother, Mrs. Barnard, of Calgary. They will be away for some time.

John Malcolm and Miss Malcolm of St. Georges, Ont., were visiting Mr. Malcolm's nephew, John Malcolm, last week on their way to the coast.

Mrs. W. Huskins, of Calgary, has been spending a few days with Mrs. W. Mohring, Red Deer, her son Leonard, and friends in the west country.

The next meeting of the Council of the Municipal District of Pine Lake, No. 339, will be held at the City Hall, Red Deer, on Tuesday, August 12th, 1919, at 1 p.m.

The 50-50 Mutual Hail Insurance Co. is one of the very best companies known to the farmer. The J. Malcolm Co. are exclusive agents in the Red Deer territory.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Beaumont and Mrs. Turnbull, Mrs. Beaumont's sister, left for the coast on Wednesday last. Mrs. Charles Thompson accompanied them.

The total rainfall for the month of July in Red Deer was .93. The heaviest rainfall we had for the month was on the 25th, when .40 fell. In 1918 it was .86, and in 1917 it was .41.

Any person having fall rye seed for sale will do well to communicate with J. E. Welton, secretary of Red Deer Agricultural Society, as the government is anxious to bring seller and buyer together.

A picnic will be held by the "Little Helpers" of St. Luke's W.A., in the garden of Mrs. C. Row, on Michener Hill, on Friday, August 1st All "Little Helpers" are heartily welcome.

James Spiers was in the city last week. He has purchased a nice farm in Oregon, and will move there. Mrs. Spiers was unfortunate enough to slip and break her leg while taking a bath just before leaving Banff. She is nearly recovered now.

The W.C.T.U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Graves, Parkvale, on Friday, August 1st, at 2.30 p.m. This being our yearly meeting, the gathering will take the form of a picnic. The ladies are therefore requested to bring their husbands with them, also baskets.

"Teddy" Meeres was not long idle after returning from the war. He again joined up with the Imperial Bank, and has been sent to Greencourt, Alta., a small village north of Edmonton. Greencourt is one of the budding metropolis of the north country, and twenty miles from a railway.

James Baird, who had only been home five days from the front, was called to take a position at Edson west of Edmonton, and left last Thursday for his new field of labor. It didn't take him long to get down to work. But he hadn't been home two days before he expressed his conviction there would be nothing for him to do in this country.

Edward Stephenson, of Toronto, who has been visiting his mother and his brothers, Commissioner A. T. Stephenson and W. J. Stephenson, and his sister, Mrs. Jas. Mann, returned to Toronto on Thursday last. Mr. Stephenson is a strong member of the Typographical union in the east and was a delegate to the G.W.V.A. meeting in B.C. some time ago. Mrs. Stephenson, his wife, will remain for a time, and is at present at the Lake with W. J. Stephenson's family.

Brazier wants your business.

Listings wanted of farm lands.—Red Deer Trading Co.

Mrs. R. H. Spires and daughter, of Delburne, have been spending a week in Red Deer visiting friends.

Don't fail to see "The Better 'Ole" at the Lyric Theatre on Wednesday and Thursday next.

If the party who died last week and sent us an obituary notice will kindly let us have his name and present address, we will be pleased to allow the necessary space in our columns.—One of our Exchanges.

Drs. Bonsall & Bonsall, Chiropractors, are moving their office from the Gaetz-Cornett Block to the Michener Block, the entrance being on Gaetz Avenue. This change will take place on August 1st.

Two members of the Calgary Salvation Army Band were severely injured on Tuesday near Olds, when their car turned turtle on the road near Henry Moritz' farm. One party was sent to Calgary and the other is being cared for at the Olds hospital.

Erskine Review.—The death occurred on Tuesday last of the youngest child of Mr. Lyle Summers. The child was missed from the house, and on a search being made, the body was found in a watering trough near the stable. Efforts were made to resuscitate it, but without avail.

Lt.-Col. Bryan, superintendent of the provincial police, received a bad shaking up on Friday when the car he was in, driven by Inspector Brankley, collided at the intersection of Second Street west and Seventh Avenue, Calgary, with a car driven by W. Pickett, of 930 Eighth avenue east.

The W.C.T.U. take this opportunity of thanking the managers of the Presbyterian Church for the use of the Church hall for their supper; also the ladies who donated so generously and all those who assisted in any way in making the supper a success. Dishes which were sent to the supper can be got from Mrs. J. McMillan.

When the steering gear of his car broke as he was driving into Pincher Creek on Monday of last week, throwing him out on his head, James McLean, brother of Hon. Archie McLean, minister of public works, was instantly killed. He was 42 years of age, and unmarried, and was a native of Elgin County, Ontario.

The Horticultural Society will make the annual show this year a very prominent event. It will be held in the Armories on Thursday, August, 21st, and there will be an orchestra and refreshments in the evening and also a programme. There will be the small charge of 25 cents admission to cover expenses, children 10 cents. There will be no admission fee in the afternoon.

J. T. Boyce, B.A., school inspector of the Red Deer district, has been promoted Inspector of Calgary, and Captain A. R. Gibson, M.A., who has recently returned from overseas, succeeds Mr. Boyce at Red Deer. While this district will regret to lose Mr. Boyce, they will be pleased to know that so worthy a successor as Mr. Gibson takes his place. Mr. Gorman, Calgary, has been appointed Chief Inspector of Alberta Schools.

Olds Gazette.—Park Oliver, who lives a few miles northwest of town, saw a fine large moose crossing his farm on Thursday of last week. The animal was going east, probably driven from his native haunts by the forest fires. When Park first mentioned the matter, we thought it possible that he was mistaken, and that the animal might be the elephant that Sanger's circus didn't show, but on Saturday Dr. Paisley saw the moose southeast of town, so we have decided that Sanger's never had an elephant.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Bradley, of Gilman, Montana; Mrs. K. A. Lee, of Toronto, and Mrs. J. D. Souch, of North Dakota, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cole. Mrs. Souch is a sister of Mrs. Cole and has not seen her for thirty years. Mr. and Mrs. Cole only returned last week from Washington, where they had been visiting Mrs. Cole's brother, who is very sick, suffering from paralysis. Mr. Cole reports that they were always in smoke from the day they left until they got within an hour's run of Calgary, when they ran into a rain storm.

"THE BETTER 'OLE"

What the Returned Men Say:

A Corporal—The most realistic version of life at the front that I have ever seen.

A Gunner—Great! The last word in war plays, and I have seen nearly all war pictures produced.

A Private—Seen it twice; want to see it again. This is the picture for anyone that has a relative at the front.

See this picture at the Lyric on Wednesday and Thursday.

BIRTHS.

At Red Deer, on July 16th, 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. John Clywd Jones, a son.

At the Memorial Hospital, Red Deer, on July 24th, to Evangelist and Mrs. E. A. Lewis, a daughter.

In Red Deer, on Sunday, July 27, to Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Whitehouse, a daughter.

IN MEMORIAM.

In loving remembrance of Lc-Corp. Colin R. Broughton, who was killed in action near Ypres, July 25th, 1916.

FIRST SUIT FOR DIVORCE IN THE ALBERTA COURTS.

Medicine Hat, July 27.—The first application in the judicial district of Medicine Hat since the determination as to jurisdiction of the provinces in these matters was filed with the clerk of the supreme court today in the suit of Potts versus Potts. The statement of claim in which Sophia Potts, of Medicine Hat, asks for a decree that her marriage to James Lewis Potts, now of this city, and formerly of Calgary, be dissolved, alleges adultery on the part of her husband as well as that the defendant's subsequent conduct has endangered the health of the plaintiff and has rendered the plaintiff apprehensive of further injury to her health. The parties were married at the Presbyterian church parsonage, Medicine Hat on January 2, 1915.

Messrs Begg, McLarty and Evans, are solicitors for the plaintiff.

WILL BE SLAVES OF ALLIES FOR THIRTY YEARS.

Vienna, July 26.—Dr. Otto Bauer, the Austrian minister, discussing the Austrian treaty today, said:

"For 30 years we will be the slaves of the allies economically. Austria loses her economic independence. Austria must cover 70 per cent of the 68,000,000,000 war debt, which means 8,000 crowns per person, or 40,000 crowns for a family of five persons. This shameful peace can be destroyed only through the victory of international solidarity."

Dr. Friederich Adler, editor of Der Kempf, said:

"Economically, it is our death sentence. We are relegated to the role of a colony and forced to declare our bankruptcy immediately."

—:o:—

URGE MILITARY OCCUPATION OF MEXICO BY U.S.

Washington, July 27.—Military occupation of Mexico by the United States was advocated by Representative Hudspeth, Democrat, Texas, in an address Saturday in the house. He urged withdrawal of recognition of the Carranza government and said American troops should be kept in Mexico until a stable government had been established.

WEDDING BELLS

SMITH—BROWN.

A quiet wedding took place on Tuesday evening last week, July 22, when Lewis Smith, of Dovercourt, was joined in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Ruth Brown, of Red Deer. The Rev. G. D. Armstrong performed the ceremony. The happy couple left for Banff, where they will spend their honeymoon. A shower was given in their honor by a number of friends at the home of Mrs. R. A. Van Slyke. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful gifts of silver and pirex ware. An enjoyable afternoon was spent, after which a dainty tea was served by the hostess. The many friends of the happy couple in Red Deer and the west country wish them much happiness in their new home at Rocky Mountain House. The groom served with distinction in the war, and has the good wishes of all loyal citizens.

DOHERTY-RAMSEY

A happy event took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ramsey, Highland Park, Red Deer, on Thursday noon when Miss G. Grace Ramsey, one of the charming daughters of the house, was united in marriage to Mr. C. V. Doherty, who recently took his degree as barrister, of Edmonton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Doherty, of Clinton, Ont. The bride was given away by her father, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. G. D. Armstrong, after which Mrs. Kempthorn sang "Beloved it is morn," and "Love's Coronation," both of which were beautifully rendered. The bride was gowned in white Georgette, trimmed with white satin, and carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The wedding luncheon was given on the lawn in lovely weather, the tables being prettily decorated in pink and white, with carnations and sweet peas. After the luncheon Mr. and Mrs. Doherty left for a wedding trip to Banff, the bride's travelling dress being of Pekin blue crepe de chene with overdress of figured Georgette, hat and shoes of white. The bride was suitably remembered by many friends. Miss Ramsey was one of the Red Deer public school staff of teachers, and the best wishes of many friends and acquaintances will follow her and her husband in their wedded life. Mr. Doherty served overseas with the 196th (Universities) Battalion, and was invalided home in 1918. The out-of-town guests were:—

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. McKee, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. McKee, Edmonton; Mrs. S. T. Kemphorn, Saskatoon; Mrs. W. W. Green, Claresholm; Miss Eva J. M. Reid, Vonda, Sask.; Mr. E. S. Huestis, Sylvan Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Doherty will be at home in Edmonton.



The Key to the Situation

If you are looking for a situation a Classified Want Ad. is the key which will unlock the door to the private office of the business man. He is too busy to interview all promiscuous callers, but you can catch his attention and secure an appointment by a "Situation Wanted" ad.

THE INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS

Reservations are now being made at the headquarters of the forthcoming Alberta Industrial Congress for the special train that is to leave Medicine Hat on the evening of August 11, for the Grand Theatre, Calgary, where congress sessions take place, and for hotel accommodation at Medicine Hat, Calgary, and Edmonton. There is no cost attached to the attendance at congress sessions in Calgary and reservations are made from all who apply by letter or wire.

The congress sessions will take place at Calgary in morning and afternoon of both Wednesday and Thursday of the week of August 11-16. The Edmonton session of the congress promises to be an interesting feature and at the capital city the premier and government members will give a reception. The congress will conclude with a trip into the Rockies at the end of the week.

Several hundred reservations have already been made for the theatre sessions and a slightly lesser number for the special trains. Several parties of American industrial leaders will accompany the special train in a private car.

ESTRAYED from road leading from Sec. 5-38-8 to Rocky Mountain House, white bunch were driven over same, cattle branded —OC and CPR, all on right ribs.—G. L. Gabler, Strachan, Alta.

A LADY would be willing to take charge of a furnished house for a couple of months, or would be willing to pay a small rental. Credentials. Apply at The News Office. July 30-2*

$10.00 A HEAD REWARD for information leading to the recovery of any of the following horses: 2 Grey Geldings, branded K with bar under on right jaw; 1 bay Gelding, branded K with bar under on right jaw; 1 Black Gelding, branded Monogram HD on right jaw; 1 Brown Gelding, branded Monogram HD on right jaw.—Pinder place take up and hold any of the animals and notify Reed & Peterson, Ponoka, Alta. July 30-2*

LOST.—1 3-year old Bay Mare; 1 3-year old Bay Mare, small white spot in Forehead; 1 2-year old Bay Mare, fairly dark; 1 yearling Colt, Light Bay, white diamond in Forehead, 3 white legs and 4 white feet, and white one side of nostril. These colts all strayed at same time. $25 reward for information leading to their recovery.—Notify E. G. Boddy, Hespero. July 30-3

FOR SALE.—A nice five-roomed house, plastered; two lots; drilled well; good garden; lots of open range for cows. Price $1,000, part cash, balance very easy. This place is for quick sale.—Apply to Alex. McKay, Red Deer West. July 30-5*

BICYCLE FOR SALE.—$55.00 Cleveland for $35.00. New April of this year. 24 inch frame, cyclometer and bell, in perfect order.—C. J. Markle, Windsor Garage. July 30-2*

TEACHER WANTED for Blackfalds Village School, grades one to five. Applicants state qualifications, experience and salary expected. Duties to commence August 25. Yearly engagement. Attendance not large.—S. H. Farewell, Sec.-Treas., Blackfalds, Alberta. July 16, 3w.

FOR SALE—One 10-20 Titan Tractor with three bottom engine plow and tandem discs; three extra breaker bottoms for plows, also steering device for engine. This outfit is as good as new, and can be bought right for cash or on terms by responsible party. Apply by letter or telephone to F. A. Dowler, Millet, Alberta. July 16, 3*

LIME FOR SALE.—We have 200 sacks of lime for land fertilizer at $2.00 per hundred pounds. This is the surest cure for banishing vermin, will positively prevent Onion, Cabbage and Cauliflower Maggots and is the best fertilizer to produce growth and sweeten the soil. We have also, a balanced fertilizer at $3.50 per hundred pounds consisting of Phosphate of Lime, Basic slag, Pure Sheep Manure, Bone Flour and Nitrate of Soda. This will produce a strong growth and pay for itself ten-fold in one crop.—J. J. MURRAY & COMPANY, Seed Merchants, Edmonton, Alberta. July 30-1

DR. J. B. LONG
Dental Surgeon
(Successor to Dr. Plaxton)
Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Holder of a Dominion Dental Certificate
Guaranteed Modern Dental Work at Reasonable Fees
Examination and Consultation Free
Office hours, 9 to 5 o'clock.
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EYES

Broken Lenses Replaced Quickly Here

Just send us the pieces—we'll do the rest—If you cannot bring them.

H. H. HUMBER Jeweler and Optometrist
Business Phone 104 RED DEER After Hours 82

FEED FOR SALE

As we are now finishing up the Seed Season and we are desirous of cleaning up the warehouse, we have for sale one carload of Mixed Chop at $45.00 per ton. About one hundred sacks of Barley Meal, seventy-five sacks of Wheat Meal This has accumulated during the season from the manufacture of Chick Food. They are the very finest of grain with all coarse stuff taken out; would be excellent for finishing up poultry and pigs at $3.50 per hundred pounds. About fifty bags of Linseed Meal at $10.00 per hundred, one hundred sacks of Oil Cake at $4.35 per hundred pounds. A large quantity of Chicken Feed Wheat, Blatchford's Calf Meal, Mayer's Calf Meal and also the Vescol Calf Meal. We have secured another car of Fall Rye. We also have Timothy Seed, Western Rye and Brome Grass.

J. J. MURRAY & COMPANY,
SEED MERCHANTS. EDMONTON, ALBERTA

G. Madore's Cash Sale

Favored with instructions from Mr. G. Madore, who on account of his wife's health is giving up farming, I will sell by Public Auction at his farm, the North West Quarter of Sec 28-38-27, W. of the 4th, 2 miles N. of Red Deer, all his Cattle, Horses, Farm Implements, etc., on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6th, 1919

Sale at 11 o'clock. No Reserve. Lunch at Noon.

13 Head of Cattle

6 Good Dairy Cows, 2 of which are milking, balance freshen shortly
5 Yearling Calves. 2 Calves
The Cows are a fine bunch of Dairy Stock.

9 Head of Horses

2 Bay Mares, 11 years old, weight about 1,150 and 1,200
1 Sorrel Mare, 6 years old, weight about 1300 lbs.
1 Bay Mare, 3 years old, weight about 850 lbs.
1 Grey Gelding, 5 years old, weight about 1100 lbs.
1 Bay Gelding, 4 years old, weight about 1100 lbs.
1 Black Gelding 2 years old. 2 Yearling Colts.
30 CHICKENS.
2 PIGS.

Machinery and Household Furniture

Cockshutt Sulky Plow; Walking Plow; 2 Wagons; Democrat; Buggy; 16-Disc Harrow; 4-Section Iron Drag Harrow; Cockshutt Drill; Set of Bobsleighs; Potato Cultivator; Massey Harris Mower; Massey Harris Hay Rake; BLACKSMITH'S OUTFIT, consisting of Blower, Anvil, set of Discs, Tire Setter, etc.; Carpenter's Tools; Cook Stove, 6-hole; 3 Beds, Springs and Mattresses; Tables; 12 Chairs; Dresser; "Empire" Cream Separator, No. 9 Cream Cans; Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

Incubator, "Rayo" Lamp, new; Democrat; "Beacon" Lamp; Washing Machine; Churn; 5-horse Evener, complete, new; Grinder.

N. WHITE, Auctioneer - Red Deer